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The North Carolinian.

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A DANGEROUS INTRUDER.

WITHOUT A PARALLEL.

THE FIRST FULL YEAR OF RESTORED PROTECTION.

1898 Went Out in a Blaze of Splendid Prosperity, and the New Year Comes in With the Assured Prospect of Increased Activity and Progress.

The year just closed is without a parallel in the history of the United States. It is the first full calendar year of McKinleyism and Dingleyism, and in respect of trade conditions has as far surpassed 1892 as that year surpassed in substantial prosperity any year previously known. The neutral and non-partisan commercial journals may be trusted to tell the story fairly and without bias. Dun's Review for December says:

"It is a year beyond parallel and goes to its close with the biggest volume of business ever seen. Enormous transactions at the Stock Exchange make some difference and heavy railroad earnings, but when all the transporting and speculative interests are eliminated there is still a much larger business than in any other month of any year. Last year the exports were in volume greater than in any previous month in the history of the country, but this year the three weeks' report shows an increase of twenty-five per cent. against nine per cent. in imports, which would indicate much more than $70,000,000 excess of exports this month. The payments through clearing houses have been for the week 26.5 per cent. greater than last year and 12.4 per cent. greater than in 1892, and for the month 17.8 per cent. larger than in 1892."

Similar testimony is supplied by Bradstreet's as follows:

"Probably never before at this date was the course of general business so animated as it is at present. Speculative activity is no longer confined to the stock market, but has widened to include wheat and corn among the cereals and copper among the metals, while the rush of business in iron and steel seems little, if any, abated, and some lines, notably cotton goods and raw wool, are displaying an activity and strength which would have been welcomed at any time for a year past. Prices of securities and of staples alike furnish examples of aggressive strength."

In many lines the country's production of manufactured products has been heavily sold ahead, and there appears every reason to believe that present values will be maintained or increased.

Bradstreet's says that the bank clearings for the week aggregate $1,673,000,000, a gain of twenty-five per cent. over this week a year ago, of fifty-three per cent. over 1896, of forty-five per cent. over 1895, very nearly twice as large as in 1894 and 1893 and ten per cent. larger than in this week of 1892, which up to this year was the heaviest week on record.

Dun's Review makes this observation in closing its review for December and for the year: "How Europe will be able to pay more than $75,000,000 due on merchandise account for the month of December, besides the enormous balances due for November and previous months, is a question which the country can afford to consider at its leisure and with comfort."

The Old Year went out in a blaze of splendor. The New Year came in with the assured promise of increased happiness, liberty and prosperity for many millions of people.

Tried It to Their Sorrow.

This year there has been an increase of two and one-half million tons in the output of the West Virginia coal mines as the result of the Dingley tariff shutting out from the New England market the foreign coal which found a market there under the Wilson law, and restoring it to the miners of West Virginia. It was the Hon. William M. Springer and the free traders who told the miners in 1892 that free coal would give them more work and better wages and the miners tried the experiment to their sorrow.—Decatur (Ill.) Republican.

Not Ruinous to Farmers.

One of the ruinous effects of the McKinley brand of prosperity is that farm loans are down to five per cent., and not a great number of farmers have occasion to borrow, even at that rate.—Fairbury (Neb.) Enterprise.

A Heavy Handicap.

The most eminent American shipbuilders and shipowners declare that foreign ships annually receive about three hundred millions of dollars for carrying the imports and exports of the United States. This enormous annual drain of money or commodities to balance our foreign trade account is seldom considered by economists. And yet it is one of the things that has kept the United States so long a debtor nation.—Oswego (N. Y.) Times.

The Only Proper Method.

Before the year 1900 the full effects of the Dingley tariff will be witnessed. It will then be seen that it is an adequate revenue-producer, but above all things its successful working will demonstrate that the only proper method for a country of great resources, such as the United States, to pursue is to adopt a policy which encourages home industries.—San Francisco Chronicle.

MARINE PRIZE PACKAGE.

Proposed Combination of Free Ships and Export Tonnage Bounty.

It is a curious mixture of economic doctrines which the St. Paul Pioneer-Press, a Republican newspaper, advocates in connection with plans for the upbuilding of the American merchant marine. The extreme of protection and the extreme of free trade are embodied in its proposition of an export bounty of $2 per ton on every outgoing cargo carried in a ship flying the American flag, coupled with a total repeal of the law prohibiting the purchase and admission of foreign-built ships to American registry. The bounty plan originates with President James J. Hill, the head of a transcontinental railway system, who sees in it vast possibilities for his railroad and for the profitable operation of a trans-Pacific line of steamships in connection therewith.

Small communities are easily dominated by master minds, and Mr. Hill's views carry great weight in St. Paul. Is the Great Northern magnate also in favor of such a change in our navigation laws as would enable him to go into the market and buy foreign ships for his trans-Pacific line, instead of having the ships built with American labor and material? It would seem so.

Mr. Hill has been a life-long free trader, a warm admirer and worshipful supporter of the tariff reform doctrines of Grover Cleveland. But circumstances alter cases. An export bounty of $2 paid out of the United States Treasury on every ton of freight carried from Seattle to Yokohama and Hong Kong would be an extremely good thing—for Mr. Hill and his allied railroad and steamship interests. Likewise a removal of present restrictions would be quite to his advantage, as it would permit the purchase of ships in the cheapest market and their operation by the cheapest labor obtainable. Nothing could be more agreeable to certain interests in control of transcontinental traffic than such a combination of protection and free trade.

To be allowed to buy foreign-built ships and man them with low-priced foreign crews, and then to be paid an export bounty for sailing the ship under the American flag—there's a prize package worth striving for! How long would it take, at that rate, to develop the shipbuilding industry in the United States? And in the meantime how many millions of American money would find their way to Europe in payment for ships built of foreign material and with foreign labor?

As a display of iron nerve the St. Paul suggestion of free ships and an export tonnage bounty is interesting if not edifying. Viewed as a measure of national economic policy, its grotesqueness is its chief charm.

They Knew It.

The American farmers with full barns and granaries, farmers who have bank accounts and canceled mortgages, they know that the country is vastly more prosperous than it was five years ago. The workingman who wants to work and is at work and being paid wages knows it. The manufacturers who have orders for their products for weeks in advance of production know it. The merchants whose sales are much larger now than in previous years know it, and the reports from the clearing houses show that the bankers know it.

There are destitute people, yes, there always have been and always will be. Nobody expects a prosperity that will relieve all destitution everywhere. And when the fact that five thousand people are fed in a city of more than a million is cited as evidence that the country is not prosperous, it is the result either of thoughtlessness or of insincerity.—Knoxville (Tenn.) Journal and Tribune.

Republican Prosperity.

The increase in the savings banks' deposits is a simple but effectual test of increased prosperity among the people. The increase in savings bank deposits in Davenport for the year ending October, 1896, was in excess of those for the year ending October, 1897, by the large sum of $794,854. This is proof that the people of Scott County have more generally a surplus from their earnings than in the year 1897, for the savings deposits represent a great many depositors. It is a prosperity among the people that a Republican administration of the nation's affairs represents.—Davenport (Iowa) Republican.

An Accumulation of Gold.

If the present foreign trade of Uncle Sam should continue for five years he will have the nations of Europe at his feet begging for mercy. Our rapid and vast accumulation of gold is without a parallel in history.—Laramie (Wyo.) Republican.

$40,000 Monument of a Private.

The will of the late Charles D. Jacob, ex-Mayor of Louisville, Ky., and President of the Kentucky Mutual Life Insurance Company, sets aside the sum of $40,000, which is to be used for two years by his widow and then applied to the erection of a monument over the grave of his son, Charles D. Jacob, Jr., a private in the First United States Cavalry, who was killed in the assault on San Juan Hill. When young Jacob's remains were brought home the funeral was the most elaborate ever seen in Louisville. The War Department detached an Indiana company of volunteers as a military escort, and Editor Henry Watterson and other prominent citizens acted as pall-bearers.

EAGAN TO STAND TRIAL.

The President Orders a Court-martial For the Commissary-General.

GENERAL MILES WILL TESTIFY.

The President Announced His Decision to the Cabinet—General Eagan Will Be Tried For His Conduct Toward the Commanding Officer of the Army—General Miles a Witness.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The President announced at the Cabinet meeting on Tuesday that he had directed the court-martial of Commissary-General Eagan for violation of the Articles of War in his statements before the Investigation Commission.

The President made no extended comment in announcing his decision to the Cabinet, saying briefly that he thought this was the only course open to him consistent with his duties as Commander-in-Chief of

BRIGADIER-GENERAL CHARLES P. EAGAN.

the Army. The Cabinet officials without exception were gratified that the determination to convene a court-martial had been reached.

The idea that General Miles might decline to appear as a witness before the court-martial in the anticipated contingency that General Eagan will pursue a line of defence alleging sufficient provocation for his foul language is said to be unwarranted. On the contrary, the commanding General will not be averse to obeying a summons from the court, if only for the opportunity of correcting a misapprehension which has been industriously created, that in his testimony he made characterizations of General Eagan personally to which exception could be taken. It is understood that General Miles is not only willing, but anxious, to have a tribunal composed exclusively of army officers pass on the course he has pursued, confident that it will meet with thorough approbation.

General Eagan Revises His Testimony.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Colonel Alexander, of Commissary-General Eagan's office appeared before the War Investigating Commission a few days ago with a communication from General Eagan accompanying the revised statement of his recent testimony, in which he attacked Major-General Miles. It was announced that General Eagan's letter of transmittal made formal apology to the commission for the harsh language used in the first statement. This, together with the revised statement, was accepted by the commission, and a communication to that effect was addressed by the commission to General Eagan.

FOSTER M. VOORHEES INAUGURATED

He Accepts the Seal of State In the Presence of 3000 People.

TRENTON, N. J. (Special).—Foster M. Voorhees was inaugurated Governor of New Jersey on Tuesday in the presence of 3000 people.

The ceremony took place in the Taylor Opera House, which was crowded. General Bird Spencer was master of ceremonies, and the ushers were uniformed members of the National Guard. Colonel Alexander C. Oliphant acted as Governor Voorhee's personal aide.

Assemblyman Squire, of Union County, presided. Prayer was offered by President Patton, of Princeton. Chief Justice Magie administered the oath of office, and then a salute of seventeen guns was fired by a detachment of the Seventh Regiment. Acting-Governor Watkins delivered to Governor Voorhees the great seal, and the Governor then delivered his inaugural address.

Governor Voorhees declared in favor of controlling public institutions by non-partisan boards, pledged himself to economy in public expenditure, and suggested the surrender to municipalities by the State treasury of a portion of the surplus with which to reduce local taxes. He recommended legislation to prevent corporations from watering stock, and declared that the State Reformatory at Rahway should be completed.

Governor Stone Inaugurated.

HARRISBURG, Penn. (Special).—Governor William A. Stone was inaugurated on Tuesday. The oath was administered by Justice Henry Williams of the State Supreme Court, in the presence of the Senate and House of Representatives, who were assembled on a large stand erected at the west front of the Capitol.

In his inaugural address, the Governor pointed out the necessity for economy in the making of appropriations, and said he would not hesitate to recommend a reduction of the annual appropriation to the public schools in case of necessity.

Governor McMillin Inaugurated.

NASHVILLE, Tenn. (Special).—In the hall of the House of Representatives in the presence of an immense throng Benton McMillin was inaugurated Governor of Tennessee. After prayer by the Rev. John Matthews, of McKendree Church, Governor Taylor delivered his farewell address. Governor-elect McMillin then spoke, and at the conclusion of his address he took the oath of office, which was administered by Chief Justice Snodgrass, of the Supreme Court.

Garcia's Son in Union College.

Marcio Garcia, a son of the late General Calixto Garcia, has entered Union College at Schenectady, N. Y. He is the first Cuban to take advantage of the offers of the Cuban Educational Society, which was organized for the purpose of giving free education to Cubans in American colleges.

Naval Governor of Guam.

Secretary Long at Washington, ordered Captain Leary, at present commanding the San Francisco, to proceed to the Island of Guam and assume the duties of Naval Governor of the new acquisition.

Columbus's Bones Exposed.

The casket containing the remains of Christopher Columbus, which arrived at Cadiz, Spain, a few days ago on board the Spanish cruiser Conde de Venadito, and which were transferred to the auxiliary cruiser Giralda, formerly the British yacht of that name owned by Mr. Harry McCalmont, for conveyance to Seville, has been opened. About thirty bones and some ashes were found in the casket.

Fatal Riots in Hungary.

A fierce election riot took place a few days ago at Uj-Szent-Anna, in the County of Arad, Hungary, and four persons were killed and sixteen injured.

CUR NEW CRUISER AFLOAT.

The Albany Launched at the Armstrongs' Shipyard in England.

LONDON (By Cable).—The American cruiser Albany was successfully launched on Saturday from the yards of the Armstrongs in Elswick. She was named by Mrs. Colwell, wife of Lieutenant Colwell, naval attache to the United States Embassy. The weather was perfect. The Albany took the water like a duck. She was painted gray and displayed the American eagle at her figurehead.

Mrs. Colwell was punctual in ascending the platform reserved for her. Sir Andrew Noble, who is associated with Sir W. G. Armstrong & Co., the builders of the Albany, presented to Mrs. Colwell a bouquet of lilies and carnations tied with the American colors. Lieutenant Colwell and United States Consul Metcalf then approached to the side of Mrs. Colwell to assist in the launching of the ship.

It was a unique ceremony, inasmuch as an American warship had never before been launched abroad. Mrs. Colwell turned a miniature capstan, an ingenious contrivance, releasing a guillotine which cut the cord restraining the dog-shores, whereupon the Albany, national ensigns at all of her mastheads, the Union Jack at her bow and bunting everywhere, amid a dead silence slid gracefully into the water, an unusually high tide assisting her. Then followed a deafening burst of cheering, a wild waving of flags and an incessant screeching and roaring of steamers' whistles, while Mrs. Colwell with unerring aim smashed a bottle of champagne upon the bow of the cruiser, naming her Albany. Many Americans were present, as well as the local magnates and the officers of the Japanese, Chilian, Portuguese and Chinese warships.

The Albany is a sister ship to the New Orleans, which gave an excellent account of herself in the operations off the coast of Cuba in the war with Spain. Both vessels were purchased from the Brazilian Government by the United States shortly before the outbreak of the war while being constructed at the shipyards of the Armstrongs. The New Orleans was then the Amazonas and the Albany the Admiral Brea. The Albany will carry a crew of 300 men.

BARK TURNED TURTLE.

Seventeen Men Drowned in the Andelana in Tacoma Harbor.

TACOMA, Wash. (Special).—The British bark Andelana, 2345 tons, of Nova Scotia, Captain G. W. Stalling, sank in twenty-two fathoms of water in front of the St. Paul Mill wharf, and the Captain, the mate and fifteen of the crew were drowned. The accident occurred during the night.

The vessel came in ballast from Shanghai. The ballast had been discharged, and the ship was lying at anchor waiting to be to be towed into the dock. A few nights a terrific gale raged on the bay, the wind blowing thirty-six miles an hour. Two great boom logs were placed beside Andelana, one on each side. During the gale one of the logs went adrift, causing the ship to careen and to capsize with very little warning to the crew. The vessel was entirely without ballast and the hatches were open. All on board were caught like rats in a trap and had no chance to escape. The ship simply careened over, the water flowed in the open hatches, and she sank.

A large number of the crew had been discharged, or the loss of life would have been far more appalling. The ship was to have taken on a cargo of wheat for Queenstown. Captain Stalling lived in Anapolis, N. S., and leaves a widow and three children. He is well known in this port.

ARSENIC IN OYSTER FRITTERS.

A Negro Woman Accused of Murder in Maryland.

BALTIMORE, Md. (Special).—Martha Ball[illegible]ed, thirty-three years old, is locked up here, charged with the murder by poison of George W. Kiah, also colored, at Cambridge, Md. Kiah died a few days ago, under suspicious circumstances, and warrants were issued for the Bailey woman's arrest. On Friday the remaining members of Kiah's family, consisting of eight persons, were poisoned, and the next day his mother, Mary Jane Kiah, died in terrible agony.

The poison has been traced to a barrel of flour, out of which oyster fritters were made for the noonday meal. An analysis shows the presence of arsenic in large quantities. The authorities of Dorchester County assert that they have evidences that will convict the accused of the crime.

6000 KILLED AND WOUNDED.

Turks Are Victorious in a Battle With the Yemen Insurgents.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Turkey (By Cable).—Advices received here from Hodeida, Arabia, say that a great battle was fought on November 30 at Shanel between the Turks and the Yemen insurgents.

Although the Turks were victorious, capturing the position held by the rebels, they lost 2000 men in killed and wounded. The losses of the insurgents in killed and wounded were 4000.

The advices add that the insurrection is far from being quelled, and Abdullah Pasha, the Turkish commander in Yemen, has ordered the capture of the town of Saada. As this town is held in strong force its capture will be a difficult task.

LA BOURGOGNE WAS AT FAULT.

Verdict Rendered in Favor of the Owners of the Cromartyshire.

LONDON (By Cable).—The trial of the suit of Law & Co., the owners of the steamship Cromartyshire, against the Compagnie Generale Transatlantique, for damages sustained by the Cromartyshire in collision with the French liner La Bourgogne, in which the Bourgogne was sunk, was ended in the Admiralty Court a few days ago, judgment being rendered in favor of the plaintiff.

The court held that La Bourgogne was solely to blame for the disaster, her speed being excessive under the circumstances, and that the commander of the Cromartyshire did everything possible to avert a collision.

Miss Schley Ends Her Life.

Miss Anna Mary Hoke Schley, twenty-five years old, daughter of the late Colonel William Louis Schley, poet, lawyer and veteran of two wars, and second cousin of Real Admiral Schley, committed suicide a few days ago in her home at Baltimore, Md. Since the death of her father, to whom she was much attached, a month ago, Miss Schley had been inconsolable. She shot herself through the heart with one of her father's revolvers.

The Cherokee Treated Is Signed.

The treaty between the United States and the Cherokee Nation was signed by the Commission at Muscogee, Ind. T., a few days ago. Sanders and Gunter, two members of the Cherokee Commission, refused to sign it. To become effective the treaty must be ratified by Congress on or before March 4, 1899, and by a majority vote of the Cherokee people.

Georgia Troops For Nuevitas.

The transport Roumaman went to sea on Sunday from Savannah, Ga., with the Third Georgia Volunteers, bound for Nuevitas, Cuba.

News of the Toilers.

The employes of the Public Works Department in Pittsburgh, Penn., are to be uniformed.

There is an ordinance requiring the union label on all printing matter for Kansas City, Kan.

The headquarters of the Barbers' International Union will be removed from Syracuse, N. Y., to Cleveland, Ohio, February 1.

The Typographical Union label appeared upon all the ballots used in the special school bond election in Kansas City, Kan.

Vice-Chancellor Emery, of New Jersey, has granted an injunction restraining a Newark cigar dealer from using counterfeits of the Cigarmakers' Union label.

EUROPE STORM SWEPT.

Many Lives Lost and Widespread Devastation Caused by Gales.

WINDS WROUGHT TERRIBLE RUIN

Portsmouth, Southampton and Folkstone, England, Suffer From the Storm's Fury—The Thames Overflows—A Train Dashes Into the Sea—Lives Lost and Property Destroyed in Vienna

LONDON (By Cable).—Widespread devastation on land and sea has been the result of the storm which raged here and along the coast a few days ago, and the aggregate losses of property are immense. Friday evening reports told of dismantled houses, overflowing rivers, inundated streets and fields, buildings flooded, cattle and sheep drowned, railroads disorganized, and disasters to life and limb from falling debris.

London's parks and buildings have suffered heavily. The Thames overflowed along the upper reaches, with serious loss to the dwellers on the banks.

Most of the coast towns have suffered severely. Promenades have been swept by the sea and harbors and piers damaged. Parts of Southampton were under water. In many parts of Portsmouth boats were employed in the main streets to take the school children home.

Three men who were returning from a funeral near Castle Island, Ireland, were lifted by the wind, hurled into a pit, and killed.

While the storm was at its height a train near Llanfairfechan, Wales, dashed into the sea, owing to the fact that the tracks were washed away. The fireman and the engineer were drowned. Folkestone Pier and station have been almost demolished.

VIENNA, Austria (By Cable).—A furious gale swept over this city with frightful results. Many windows in shop fronts were blown in and falling slates and chimneys made walking on the streets dangerous. In its exposed parts the city looks as if it had been subjected to a bombardment. Men were blown under vehicles and killed, while others were carried into the Danube and drowned.

BRUSSELS, Belgium (By Cable).—The wind blew with terrific violence here a few days ago. A number of villas in the suburbs were blown down, and the signal boxes along the railways were prostrated.

BERLIN (By Cable).—A violent storm prevailed in northern and western Germany. In the southern part of the country there were thunderstorms accompanied by torrential downpours of rain.

CONGRESSMAN DINGLEY DEAD.

The Republican Leader in the House Succumbs to Heart Failure.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—Nelson Dingley, of Maine, leader of the Republican side on the floor of the House of Representatives and representing the Second Congressional District of Maine in that body, died here Friday at 10.30 o'clock of heart failure resulting from extreme weakness due to double pneumonia.

CONGRESSMAN NELSON DINGLEY.

There were present only the two sons of Mr. Dingley and the nurses, with Mr. Dealc. Mrs. and Miss Dingley, who had been unremitting in their attendance upon and care of husband and father, were, for the moment, resting in the room of Representative and Mrs. Russell, adjoining their own. For a week Mr. Dingley had been unconscious, save at brief intervals, and death came painlessly and almost imperceptibly.

Nelson Dingley, Jr., came of sturdy New England stock, the first American Dingley having come to Massachusetts in 1638. Nearly all the Dingleys were traders, farmers or blacksmiths. He was a year old when his parents moved to Parkman to farm for a short time, and then run a tavern and store. At seventeen he was the teacher of a school at China, fourteen miles from Auburn, his home. He entered Waterville College in 1851, and a year and a half later became a student at Dartmouth, where he was graduated with high rank as a scholar, debater and writer.

After graduation he studied law for a year in the office of Morrill & Fessenden, Auburn, and was admitted to the bar. He purchased the Lewiston Journal in September, 1856. The Journal was then a weekly paper. When the war began the paper was made a daily, and Mr. Dingley was elected to the Maine Legislature.

He was re-elected to the Legislature in 1862 and 1863, and in the latter year, when but thirty-one years old, was made Speaker of the House. Removing the Lewiston, he was elected again to the Legislature and re-elected Speaker. He was the Republican leader on the floor of the House in 1866, 1868 and 1873. In 1873 he was elected Governor. He was re-elected in 1874, and in the next year declined a renomination.

In the Fifty-fifth Congress Dingley was appointed Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, and the new tariff law took his name. For a while it was thought certain that he would be appointed Secretary of the Treasury in President McKinley's Cabinet. Mr. Dingley was married on June 11, 1857, to Miss Salome McKenney, of Auburn, Me. They had six children.

The Astor Battery Returns Home.

The Astor Battery arrived at San Francisco, Cal., a few days ago on the transport Senator from Manila. The men came East after receiving their winter clothing. The Astor Battery left six of its men behind. Five fell before the enemy's fire or under the scourge of fever, and one, Sergeant Harry L. Burdick, was left in the hospital at Manila down with typhoid.

Germany Denies Aiding Filipinos.

Official denials were made in Berlin a few days ago that the German Government was lending aid to the Filipinos.

A Sign of Prosperity.

Probably no more accurate financial barometer exists than the business of the great life insurance companies. It is, perhaps, the first business to feel coming depression and the first to enjoy coming prosperity. The past year has been one of great success for the big life companies of America, and, according to all indications, during the present year the companies will exceed even their immense business of 1898

Hundreds of Chinamen Drowned.

According to reports received at Vancouver, B. C., freshets recently caused a cave-in on the banks of the River Han at Hankow, China. From 200 to 1000 people were drowned.

COMMERCE LAW FAILS.

The Finding of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

RAILROADS CHARGE ILLEGAL RATES

The Commission Declares That the Law in Its Present Condition Cannot Be Enforced, and That a Large Part of the Railway Business of the Country Is Illegally Transacted.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The annual report of the Interstate Commerce Commission was received by Congress. It reports what has been said in previous reports, that the Interstate Commerce law, in its present condition, cannot be enforced, and that until further and important legislation is enacted the best efforts at regulation must be feeble and disappointing.

"Meanwhile," the report says, "the situation has become intolerable both from the standpoint of the public and the carriers. Tariffs are disregarded, discriminations constantly occur, the price at which transportation can be obtained is fluctuating and uncertain. Railroad managers are distrustful of each other, and shippers all the while in doubt as to the rates secured by their competitors. The volume of traffic is so unusual as to frequently exceed the capacity of equipment, yet the contest for tonnage seems never relaxed. Enormous sums are spent in purchasing business and secret rates accorded far below the standard of published charges. The general public gets little benefit from these reductions, for concessions are mainly confined to the heaviest shippers, and this augments the advantages of large capital and tends to the injury and often to the ruin of smaller dealers. These are not only matters of gravest consequence to the business welfare of the country, but they concern in no less degree the higher interests of public morality.

"A large part of the railway business is now transacted upon illegal rates, and in certain quarters charging the published rate is the exception. The results are gross discrimination between individuals and gross preference between localities, which most always favor the strong and oppress the weak. Probably no one thing to-day does so much to force out the small operator and build up those trusts and monopolies, against which law and public opinion alike protest in vain, as discriminations in freight rates. A further result is that railroad business is carried on largely in conceded violation of law. This condition the present law is powerless to control. The criminal remedies have been applied and some convictions have been had, but no substantial effect has been produced and no satisfying results can be obtained from that course. The fact may be morally certain, but the name, the date, the amount, cannot be shown with the particularity and certainty required by criminal law."

The statistics of railroads for the year ending June 30 last shows a total railway mileage in the United States at that date of 184,428 miles, an increase for the year of 1651 miles. Including sidings, the total was 248,141 miles, an increase of 3315 for the twelve months. The amount of railway capital outstanding June 30 was $10,635,008,074. The number of passengers carried during the year was 489,445,198, a decrease of 22,827,539 compared with the previous year, and the tons of freight carried were 741,705,946, or 24,185,439 tons less than in 1896.

The casualties from railroad accidents resulted in 6437 deaths and 36,731 injuries of varying character: 1693 of the deaths and 27,667 of the injured being railroad employes. The report says there is no foundation for the impression that American railways are operated with greater disregard to life and limb than the railways of foreign countries. This comes, it asserts, from a different system of reporting railway accidents, the Continental roads making no returns of casualties which do not disable the employe for certain specified periods.

SKELETONS FOUND IN CUBA.

Believed the Persons Were Thrown In Wells While Alive.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—La Discusion describes the finding of fifty human skeletons near Manguito. The writer of the story asserts that these people were undoubtedly thrown in wells alive. He says that in some cases the finger bones are severed, and the supposition is that this was due to the efforts of the victims to raise themselves out of the pit. The body of Senor Pedro Alayon, a prominent Cuban, who disappeared mysteriously during the insurrection, has been identified. La Discusion accuses the guerilla chief, Antonia Reyes, Sergeant Juan Peres, and Vicente Zaigo, a schoolmaster, of being the authors of a terrible crime. All are said to be in Havana.

La Discusion prints also a story from Matanzas of the finding there of the remains of from 200 to 300 persons in wells near the headquarters of the Civil Guard.

Arms and Ammunition in a Well.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—In a well in the Spanish artillery quarters at Puerto Principe the Americans found 2000 charges for rapid-fire guns, 4000 shells, several million Mauser cartridges and many sabres and Remington rifles.

CUBANS IN HAVANA OFFICES.

Mayor Evans Appointed Superintendent of the Department of Corrections.

HAVANA, Cuba (Special).—Senor Perfecto Lacoste, who was President of the Havana Junto Patriotica has been appointed Alcalde, or Mayor of Havana by General

JOHN GARY EVANS.

Ludlow. Senor Lacoste is a wealthy planter and popular among all classes of Cubans.

General Menocal, on being invited to accept the post of Chief of Police, inquired of the Executive Committee representing the Cuban Assembly, whether he ought to do so. The commission replied that it was his duty to undertake the office.

Major John Gary Evans, of the South Carolina Volunteers, former Governor of South Carolina has been appointed Superintendent of the Department of Corrections, embracing the police, the minor courts and the correctional institutions.

An Elderly Husband Killed.

William Rutledge, sixty years of age, was shot in the head and killed a few days ago at his home, in Sayre, Penn., by John Henry, a man twenty-five years of age, who had formerly boarded with Rutledge and his young wife. Henry was arrested and committed to jail to await trial.

Two Generals Honorably Discharged.

At their own request Brigadier-Generals W. M. Gordon and W. C. Oates, of the volunteer army, have been honorably discharged from the military service of the United States on the ground that there is no further need of their services.

A Young Bridegroom Killed.

Michael Forrack, employed at the Bowker fertilizing works, at Elizabeth, N. J., was badly burned there a few days ago by an explosion of dry bone dust. He died in the Elizabeth General Hospital. Forrack was married only two months ago, and leaves a bride twenty years old. He was twenty-three years old.

The Situation at Iloilo.

Advices from Iloilo report that the disposition of the natives is more friendly. American officers are permitted to go ashore in the daytime accompanied by an escort; some of the native officials express willingness to accept an American protectorate.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG DEAD.

The Head of the Congressional Library Passes Away at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—John Russell Young, Librarian of the Congressional Library, died at his residence here at 9.40 o'clock Tuesday morning after an illness of several weeks.

JOHN RUSSELL YOUNG.

Mr. Young has had a notable career as journalist, diplomatist and public official. He was born in Downingtown, Penn., on November 20, 1841. His first work was for the Philadelphia Press, in 1857, as copy-boy. In 1866 he became managing editor of the New York Tribune.

In 1872 Young became the European representative of the New York Herald. In 1877 General Grant started upon his memorable trip around the world, and Young joined the party. Mr. Young was sent by President Arthur in 1882 as Minister to China. When the new library of Congress was completed, President McKinley named Mr. Young on July 1, 1897, as Librarian.

THE SENATORIAL ELECTIONS.

Chauncey M. Depew is Formally Elected by the New York Legislature.

ALBANY, N. Y. (Special).—Chauncey M Depew was elected United States Senator on Wednesday in both houses of the Legislature. He had a majority of twenty-eight over Edward Murphy, Jr., his Democratic opponent. The votes stood as follows: Senate—Depew, 27; Murphy, 23. Assembly—Depew, 84; Murphy, 60.

Hale Re-Elected in Maine.

AUGUSTA, Me. (Special).—Eugene Hale was re-elected United States Senator by concurrent vote of the two branches of the Legislature Wednesday afternoon. The coming term will be Mr. Hale's fourth in the Senate.

Senator Burrows Re-elected.

LANSING, Mich. (Special).—Both branches of the Michigan Legislature balloted Tuesday for United States Senator, and re-elected Senator Julius C. Burrows.

Henry Cabot Lodge Re-elected.

BOSTON (Special).—The Legislature balloted for United States Senator on Tuesday and Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, the Republican nominee, received heavy majorities in both houses.

Hawley Elected in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn. (Special).—The Connecticut General Assembly Tuesday voted for United States Senator. Joseph R. Hawley was elected in both branches.

Minnesota Re-Elects Davis.

ST. PAUL, Minn. (Special).—Cushman K. Davis on Tuesday received a majority in the Legislature for re-election as United States Senator.

Cockrell Re-elected in Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo. (Special).—Francis Marion Cockrell was re-elected United States Senator by the Legislature on Wednesday. Mr. Cockrell is about completing his fourth term in the Senate.

Beveridge Elected in Indiana.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind. (Special.) Albert J. Beveridge was elected United States Senator on Tuesday by the General Assembly.

GENERAL BROOKE'S CUBAN CABINET.

The Governor-General Appoints Four Secretaries to Act as Civil Advisers.

HAVANA, Cuba (By Cable).—Governor-General Brooke has decided to form a Cabinet of civil advisers, and to have four secretaries—the first, of State and Government; the second, of Finance; the third, of Justice and Public Instruction; the fourth, of Agriculture, Industry, Commerce and Public Works.

The executive control, of course, will remain entirely in the hands of General Brooke, the secretaries being to him a Council of Administration. In this way the Cubans will be prepared for self-government. General Brooke will proceed entirely upon the theory of ultimate self-government.

Governor-General Brooke has made the following appointments to the newly constituted Cabinet of advisers to the Administration: Department of Government, Domingo Mendez Capote; Department of Finance, Pablo Desvernine; Department of Justice and Public Instruction, Jose Antonio Gonzalez Lanuza; Department of Agriculture, Industry, Commerce and Public Works, Adolfo Saenz Yanez.

FIVE BOYS DROWNED.

They Coasted on to an Ice Pond and Went Through the Surface.

SCRANTON, Penn. (Special).—Five boys living in South Gibson, a small village six miles from New Bedford and reached only by stage, were drowned on Tuesday. When school was dismissed for the lunch hour, instead of going home six pupils obtained a sled and started to coast down a hill.

The "run" extended upon a millpond the ice of which was thin. Five boys jumped on the sled, the sixth pushing them. They had gone only a short distance on the ice when it began to break, precipitating those upon the sled into the water. The boy pushing escaped. Instead of notifying the people of the village he ran back to the schoolhouse and informed the teacher, who could render no assistance. Some time after several larger boys from the village, hearing of the accident, went to the scene, but arrived too late to save the unfortunates. The boys drowned are: Merritt Rogers, Gaylord Pritchard, Jay Tripp, Willie Holmes, Myrtle Powell. They ranged in age from seven to ten years.

Daring Robbers in St. Louis, Mo.

In a crowded street car, a few days ago in St. Louis, Mo., on board of which was a policeman, three men robbed W. H. Snider of a jewel case containing between $3000 and $4000 worth of jewelry. Despite the presence of the policeman the robbers escaped with the booty.

The Shamrock A Light Yacht.

It is reported from London that the yacht Shamrock, to be built by Sir Thomas Lipton, to challenge the America's Cup defender, will be made of a new material, and will be the lightest yacht that has ever raced for the prize.

Leaves Behind $1,000,000 in Debts.

William Rhodes, long regarded as one of the most successful operative builders in Philadelphia, Penn., has decamped, leaving behind unpaid debts amounting to $1,000,000. Three of Rhodes's victims parted with more than $100,000, half a dozen others loaned him from $35,000 to $40,000 each, and a score are poorer by from $10,000 to $20,000.

Arrested For a Political Murder.

Allen Belk, a well-known citizen of Lake City, S. C., was lodged in jail at Charleston, a few days ago, charged with being implicated in the lynching of the negro Postmaster Baker in his town a year ago.

CZAR'S PLANS FOR PEACE.

The Russian Foreign Minister on the Coming Congress.

SUGGESTIONS FOR DISARMAMENT.

An Interchange of Ideas by the Powers Asked For—Suggested Agreement Not to Increase Armies or Navies; to Find Means of Reducing Them; to Interdict the Use of Terrible Explosives.

ST. PETERSBURG, Russia (By Cable).—Count Muravieff, Minister of Foreign Affairs, has addressed another circular to the powers, expressing the opinion that despite the clouding of the political horizon since his first circular and the fact that some governments are preparing to increase their armaments, the convocation of a peace congress is still desirable. The Russian Government thinks it possible and advisable to have a preliminary interchange of ideas by the various Cabinets for the purpose of preparing the way for diplomatic discussion.

Count Muravieff suggests that it is desirable to arrive at an understanding on the following points, namely: To agree not to increase naval or military forces and the corresponding budgets for a fixed period; second, to endeavor to find means of reducing the forces and budgets in the future; third, to interdict the use of any new weapon or explosive of a power fuller than now made; fourth, to restrict the use of the most terrible of existing explosives, and to forbid the throwing of any explosives from balloons or similar means; fifth, to forbid

...RIA

...and Children.

...You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

A Beautiful Bull.

The foreman of a grand jury in the west of Ireland had been presented for some public service with a gold watch, of which he was very proud, and as he displayed it at a dinner of the grand jury, bets were made by members as to whose watch was most accurate. At last some one suggested that it was impossible to decide.

"Oh," said the foreman, "there's no difficulty about that! There's a sundial in the garden, and we'll take a lantern and decide the bets that way."—Exchange.

A King and a Guinea Pig.

The late Rev. Charles Spurgeon, in reading out a list of subscribers to one of his charities, made running comments and jokes as he went on that kept the audience in great good humor. Coming to a Mr. King who had given 5 shillings, he said, "There's a king who has given his crown." Coming next to a Mr. Pigg, who had given a guinea, he exclaimed, "There's a guinea pig!"—London Tit-Bits.

"De trouble 'bout advice," said Uncle Eben, "is dat de man who has made a sho nuff success in life is gin'rally too busy ter stop an give lessons."—Washington Star.

The republic of Guatemala has over 16,000 saloons and taverns. In the country districts there is one to every 82 inhabitants; in the towns one to every 52.

An Old Idea.

Every day strengthens the belief of eminent physicians that impure blood is the cause of the majority of our diseases. Twenty-five years ago this theory was used as a basis for the formula of Browns' Iron Bitters. The many remarkable cures effected by this famous old household remedy are sufficient to prove that the theory is correct. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in effect Oct. 19, 1898.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11.40 A. M., and 6.00, P. M., Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Northbound, daily, except Sundays, leave Elizabeth City at 2.45 P. M., and Tuesdays Thursdays and Saturdays at 9.30, A. M.

The trains arrive at and depart from the Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; transfer teamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings; also at Elizabeth City Monday and Wednesday for Roanoke Island, Ocracoke Oriental and Dewbern.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:00 P. M., for Newbern and Roanoke Island, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. & W. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Oriental, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morchead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars ow rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station; New York, by Pennsylvania R. R. Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line

For further information apply to M. H. Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,

ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

W. H. Morris,
Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE

F. H. ZIEGLER & BRO,

Successors to John H Ziegler,

Dealers in all Kinds of,

Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS

when desired. The finest Hearse in th section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.

Al. kinds of Cabinet Work done.

WOOD FOR SALE.

I am prepared to furnish Wood Green or Dry, and Sawed if wanted. Will sell by the load or cord and deliver in any part of the city. My yard is at the late W. J. Griffin place on North Road street.

W. F. JENNINGS.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS. WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILL., Nov. 26, 1898.

Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 16 years, in the drug business, have [illegible]

The North Carolinian

Published Every Thursday.

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF THE CITY

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

THE LEGISLATURE.

The Democratic members of the General Assembly, composed largely of active politicians, instead of real statesmen, are continuing their efforts to shape legislation for the benefit of the "party," its *ringsters* and would-be leaders more than for the public interests.

Already are heard rumblings of dissatisfaction and disappointment among the non office-seeking Democratic masses, Indignation meetings have been held and some of the more conservative of the Democratic press are sounding notes of warning as to what the result will be.

Already about 500 bills have been introduced, mostly of a local character. Those affecting the general public are still in the hands of committees. As they may be changed or some of their features, we defer comments until finally settled on.

REPUBLICAN PROSPERITY.

The increase in the savings banks' deposits is a simple but effectual test of increased prosperity among our people. The increase in savings-bank deposits in Davenport for the year ending October, 1898, was in excess of those for the ending October 1897, by the large sum of $794,854. This is proof that the people of Scott county have more generally a surplus from their earnings than in the year 1897, for the savings deposits represent a great many depositors. It is prosperity among the people that a Republican administration of the nation's affairs represent.

CONCLUSIVE PROOF.

What better proof could be given of the effectiveness of a Protective Tariff? Imports stop; home production starts; prices go down steadily, exports begin and enormously increase. To-day we are in a fair way to supply the world with steel wire nails. It is a repetetion of the experience with steel rails, and the lesson is now being repeated with tin plate. Already tin plate appears among the exports from the United States. And still the Democratic party in its last National Convention declared against a Protective Tariff.

Before 1900 the full effects of the Dingley Tariff will be witnessed. It will then be seen that it is an adequate revenue producer, but above all things its successful working will demonstrate that the only proper method for a country of great resources, such as the United States, to pursue is to adopt a policy which encourages home industries.

Perhaps the greatest mechanical feat of the century has been the raising of some of the Spanish warships which were apparently shot to pieces at Santiago. It seemed as though it was utterly impossible to float them because of the terrible damage inflicted by our guns, but the task has been accomplished nevertheless.

Expansion of American trade follows expansion of American manufactures and expansion of American shipping and American territory follow as a natural consequence. No merchants moves into a smaller store in order to accommodate a larger business.

Admiral Dewey's two brothers and his nephew at Motpelier confirm the statement that he is a Republican. The Admiral himself said so in an interview published in former years. Mr. Bryan need fear no rivalry from Dewey in a Democratic convention.

When the Spanish peace commissioners made a request for arbitration Judge Day's reply was: "Arbitration co nes before war to avert its evils; not after war to escape its results." The epigram states the case fully in fifteen words.

Gold is known to exist in nine of the Philipines. The fact that so many of the islands have not been prospected will be a great attraction for American adventurers.

Ten thousands of Cubans are undergoing vaccinnation for the first time. In more senses than one the nineteenth century is just beginning in Cuba.

Protection is not only protecting the domestic producers, but it is also bringing in an increased volume of revenues.

The expense bill to the State growing out of the troubles at Wilmington are about all in and foot up $2,100.

One of the new things under the sun is the balance of trade last year in Uncle Sam's favor of $621,000,000.

Cuba is lucky to begin its new era with a McKinley tariff.

WASHINGTON LETTER

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Jan. 20, 1899.

President McKinley destroyed a large lot of Democratic ammunition when he ordered the court-martial of Commissary General Eagan, for having used language unbecoming an officer and a gentleman concerning Gen. Miles, his superior officer, in his testimony before the War Investigating Commission. There was not the slightest doubt about what the President would do in this case, although the Democrats pretended to think that Eagan's conduct would he overlooked by the Presldent, because Secretary Alger and Gen. Miles are not on good terms. The court-martial will assemble in Washington at once and the standing of the well-known officers who will compose it makes it certain that the verdict will be prompt and just.

After adopting an amendment limiting the amount to be paid to the Maritime Canal Co., to $5,000,000, and voting down several others, one providing for direct ownership of the canal hy th's governmeni, the Senate passed the Morgan Nicaragua Canal bill.

With half dozen exceptions the Democratic Senators, under the lead of Gorman, are engaged in a scheme to force an extra session of the next Congress by preventing the ratification of the treaty of peace at this session. They dare not face the consequences of fighting the treaty openly or even of open filibustering against it to prevent a vote, but, as result of a conference held this week, they will endeavor to accomplish their purpose by offering a series of apparently legitimate amendments to the treaty, each of which they will discuss. Senator Davis, who is charge of the treaty, has announced his intention to push it to a vote, if it can possibly be done.

Speaker Reed told the Illinoe delegation, which called upon him to request the appointment of Mr. Hopkins to succeed the late Mr. Dingley as chairman of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, that he should follow the traditions of the House and give the appointment to the ranking Republican on the committee—Hon. Serneo E. Payne, of New York. While discussing the matter Mr. Reed said that he had a high appreciation of the ability and judgment of Mr. Hopkins, as shown by the frequency with which he asked him to preside over the House, but he could not give him the chairmanship of Ways and Means, even if Mr. Payne had no claim thereon, because Illinois already had two of the important chairmans—the committee on Approtiations and committee on Foreign Affairs. Mr. Payne is fully qualified to perform his new duties, which will include the floor leadership of the Republicans of the House.

The attempt to bluff the friends of the treaty into the adoption of some sort of resolution committing this government against permanent retention of the Philipines, by claiming that enough Democrats will vote against ratification of the treaty to defeat it, if that is not done, is the latest move of the "aunties." Like all their moves it will fail. Senator Chandler came very close to voicing the unanimous sentiment of the friends of the treaty when he said: "I am against any compromise. I believe we can ratify the treaty, but if it be rejected, it will be rejected by Democratic votes, and the Democratic party will have to go on record as against peace."

The Navy re-organization bill, which passed the House this week, provides for the amalgamation of the line and engineer officers and for a system of voluntary and compulsory retirement that is intended to give more oppotunities for promotion of deserving officers. It increases the Marine Corps to the extent of 1,300 men, abolishes the payment of prize money and provides for retirement on three-quarters pay of enlisted men who shall have served thirty years in the Navy. The bill also abolishes the grade of Commodore, although allowing the continued honorary use of the title.

A delegation of North Carolina Democrats came to Washington to confer with Senator Caffery, of La., before the North Carolina legislature followed the Louisiana method of disfranchising negroes by providing tests for voting which they cannot possibly meet. Senator Caffery says he told this delegation, as he told the people of his own State, that the method would never stand the test of the United States Supreme Court, because it creates a privileged class.

What Shall We Do?

A serious and dangerous disease prevails in this country, dangerous because so descriptive. It comes on so slowly yet surely that it is often firmly seated before we are aware of it.

The name of this disease which may be divided into three distinct stages is, First, Kidney trouble, indicated by pain in the back, rheumatism, lumbago, frequent desire to urinate, often with a burning sensation, the flow of urine being copious or scant with strong odor.

If allowed to advance, this reaches the Second stage, or Bladder trouble, with heavy pain in the aodnmen low down between the navel and the water passage, increasing desire to urinate, with scalding sensation in passing, small quantities being passed with difficulty, sometimes necessary to draw it with instruments. If uric acid or gravel has formed, it will prove dangerous if neglected.

The Third stage is Bright's Disease. There is comfort in knowing that Dr. Kilmer, the great kidney and bladder specialtist, has discovered a Remedy famous for its marvelous cures of the most distressing cases and known as Dr Kilmer's Swamp-Root.

It is sold by all druggists.

As a proof of the wonderful virtues of this great discovery, Swamp-Root, a sample bottle and book of valuable information will be sent absolutely free by mail on application to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing kindly mention that you read this liberal offer in the North Carolinian

Some fellow who is fond of reading and searching has gone to the trouble to find out that since the birth of Christ 4,000,000,000 men have been slain in battle.

In Justice to the Negroes.

We do not take the position of a politician or partisan, but that of humanity and justice, and in the name of justice and humanity we wish to express our strongest condemnation for the bill that was introduced in the Legislature to deprive the colored children of the State of the benefits of any moneys raised through taxation of the whites for educational purposes.

The negroes are citizens among us, are an inferior race and it is our duty to assist in educating them and improving their moral standing. The white people, it is true, own most of the property and pay the bulk of the taxes, but they claim to be a missionary people and let their good work begin at home.

We favor the per capita distribution of school funds and hope no such unjust and unchristian sentiments will pervade the minds of our lawmakers in placing laws upon our statute books as to lead them to do anything to lessen the opportunities of the colored people to educate their chsldren.—Hicory Press.

Ruling Passion.

The North Carolina Legislature has laid on the table with a tremendous bang a motron to make the goldenrod the State flower. "Give us something silver!" was the cry of the indignant Democrats, No emblem suggesting the metal of the oppressor for them. A flower called the silver bell seems to be the favorite candidate, but the Tar Heel philosophers should scorn flowers altogether. Flowers are plutocrats and aristocrats. They toil not, neither do they spin. They have no place among the "producing class" and don't deserve to be encouraged by the North Carolina Legislature.—New York Sun.

A Maine paper says that when Speaker Reed was making a political speech in a certain Main town during the last campaign a strong Democrat sat in one of the front benches and was continually interrupting his speech. Every time this Democrat asked a question Mr. Reed stopped and courteously answered his question, but at last the Democrat interrupted by saying:

"Oh! go to h—!"

Mr. Reed, without a moment's thought, said that he had travelled through many parts of the country, and had always been courteously received everywhere, but that this was the first time he had ever been invited to the Democratic headquarters.

WINE OF CARDUI

THE NEW WAY.

WOMEN used to think "female diseases" could only be treated after "local examinations" by physicians. Dread of such treatment kept thousands of modest women silent about their suffering. The introduction of Wine of Cardui has now demonstrated that nine-tenths of all the cases of menstrual disorders do not require a physician's attention at all. The simple, pure

McELREE'S **Wine of Cardui**

taken in the privacy of a woman's own home insures quick relief and speedy cure. Women need not hesitate now. Wine of Cardui requires no humiliating examinations for its adoption. It cures any disease that comes under the head of "female troubles"—disordered menses, falling of the womb, "whites," change of life. It makes women beautiful by making them well. It keeps them young by keeping them healthy. $1.00 at the drug store.

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, the "Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

W. I. ADDISON, M.D., Cary, Miss., says: "I use Wine of Cardui extensively in my practice and find it a most excellent preparation for female troubles."

WINE OF CARDUI

"Small Cap." Shafter.

"Pecos Bill is not the only nickname that General Shafter ever enjoyed," said an old newspaper man the other day. "Out in Denver he was known for years as 'Small Cap. Shafter,' and as he is anything but small the title calls for an explanation. It seems that a banquet of some sort had been given to a lot of army officers, and among the guests was General, then Colonel, Shafter. The old Denver Tribune printed an account of the affair, and a list of those present was included in the article.

"When the proofs were examined before the paper was made up, it was observed that Shafter's initials were in lower case type, and the proofreader promptly marked them 'small cap.,' meaning that they should be reset in capitals of a small size. The intelligent compositor supposed that the inscription indicated some military title with which he was unfamiliar, and instead of making the proper correction substituted 'Small Cap. Shafter,' and thus it appeared on the following morning.

"Pecos Bill was mad enough to bite nails when he saw the paper, but everybody else roared, and the title stuck to him until the yarn was gradually forgotten. It is still remembered, however, by plenty of old timers."

The Suspicious Mother.

Admire a baby and the mother always looks pleased. Admire her dog and she glares at you. Maybe the reason for this is that she is quite sure you do not wish to steal the baby, but isn't altogether certain regarding your attentions where the dog is concerned.—Exchange.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident of which Mrs John Oliver, of Philadelphia, was the subject, is narrated by him as follow. "I was in a most dreadful condition My skin was almost yellow, eyes sank en, tongue coated, pain continualy in back and sides, no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying 'Electric Bitters," and to my great oy and surprise, the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued their use for three weeks, and am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another vctim." No one should fail to try them. Only 50 cents a bottle at A. Wadsworth's Drug store.

FISH TRADE TRICKS.

HOW THE PROFESSIONALS LOCATE A "BITING" GROUND.

The Secret of Successful Fishing Off the New Jersey Coast—Marking the Good Spots For Future Catches and Dodging Rivals.

"Got the range, Will?"

"Looks like it, Si."

"See the walnut tree on the hill?"

"Yes; stands about west-northwest."

"And the church steeple sou-sou-west?"

"To the dot. No mistake about that."

"How heads Ladomus' cottage?"

"About due west."

"We ought to be nearly over it now, Will. Stand by to let go when I sing out. Steady, now; steady! Let her rip. Now! Now! Bully boy! Right over the middle of it."

That is how the professional fisherman along the Jersey coast finds his favorite "biting" ground. The latter may be 20 or more fathoms deep, and a dozen or more miles offshore; but, with the aid of such landmarks as trees, steeples and beach cottages, lying in various directions along the strand, these crack surfmen seldom make a mistake in "picking up" the ground sought offshore. It's no easy job this finding of some particularly good fishing ground that has no mark on the chart and is only fixed in the mind of fishermen by study of distances from the shore.

It is a well known fact that fish must be sought. They will not, as a rule, come to the fisherman, be the latter professional or amateur. Sea fish, as well as lake fish, like rocky bottom, and it is over this kind of bottom that the best catches are made. It is no easy task to locate a rocky bed along the Jersey coast, and even with ranges or landmarks one is not always certain to find it on another day's fishing trip. The ranges are manipulated this way:

In an ordinary surfboat, such as the majority of the Jersey fishermen use, the beach line that looks so white and extensive close inshore resembles a white thread at a distance of, say, 15 miles from the land. When the fishermen discover a new ground at or about that distance offshore, they generally pick three marks on land—one north, one south and the third directly to the westward. By bringing these three marks to a convergence the happy hunting ground is located.

As a rule these fishermen are a bit selfish when new grounds are discovered. They conceal the fact as long as possible from one another, for business reasons principally, for there is a ripe competition among these beach combers, and it is only by playing possum and keeping a weather eye open that one learns what his rival sometimes knows.

One day last season a reporter was in one of these surfboats 18 miles offshore from Barnegat. The fisherman in charge of the tiny craft was heading for a rocky bottom as far offshore as he dared to go without compass and provisions. When within a mile or so of the ground, another fisherman and his helper were seen at anchor. They were hauling up whacking big bass as fast as they could throw out, and altogether they seemed to be having a glorious time. After the two boats had separated sufficiently to permit a private conversation the professional in charge of the first mentioned craft said to his shipmate:

"Did you mark it?"

"Yes," answered the other. "The pier's to the westward, the life saving station is to the northward and the cottage of that old crank is to the southward."

"That's the way I made it," replied the first speaker. All this seemed like so much Greek to one of the amateurs in the boat who began to ask questions.

"That's a new ground," said the fisherman. "We didn't know that it existed. Yes, they are catching lots of fish. Why don't I go back and try it? Well, I do not like to imitate people—at least I do not care to let them see me copy them. I'll try it some other day."

It may have been professional pride or etiquette, this sharp bit of practice, but in other walks of life it would be called a trick of the trade. It's done all along the beach. Here's another trick of the trade that a surfman at Belmar taught this landlubberly reporter. There's a schooner that takes city folk from Asbury Park offshore to fish. She was anchored ten miles offshore this particular morning over a newly found ground, and there were half a dozen or more surfboats clustered about her. The biting was first class, but presently one of the big fishing steamboats from the Battery was sighted heading down the beach. There was an interchange of conversation on the part of the professional fishermen, but they suddenly pulled up anchors as if one man and began rowing around.

The schooner weighed her bower also and under her headsails and mainsail reached offshore. Naturally the amateurs wanted to know why a shift should be made, especially as the strikes were unusually lively. "That's the Hal Corster coming down," said one of the fishermen in a half whisper, as if those on the steamboat could hear him, although she was fully two miles away. "We have a good ground here, and we don't want her pilots to find the ranges. She'll keep to the southward, and we'll circle around until she gets out of the way. That's how we save our bacon."

And they did save it too. The steamboat kept to the southward for some little distance and finally, being unable to get the ranges or whatever ground her pilots had in view, came about again and stood to the northward, finally anchoring off Long Branch. She had no sooner done so when the fishing schooner and surfboats, after a mental and ocular struggle with ranges, were back in their original positions, with their amateurs fishing like mischief.—New York Mail and Express.

Coughing

Constant coughing is very annoying, and the continuous hacking and irritation will soon attack and injure the delicate lining of the throat and air passages. Take advice and use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup in time. This wonderful remedy will cure you.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

James Tyson, of Pennsylvania, in addition to having amassed a large fortune had a unique record, for it is said that shortly before dying he boasted that he had never entered a church, a theatre or a public buildindg, had never tasted wine, beer nor spirits; that he had never sworn: that he had never washed with soap—using sand instead.

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Uncle Tom's Cabin Chair.

Among the many things associated with the memory of Harriet Beecher Stowe is the chair occupied by her while writing the initial chapters of "Uncle Tom's Cabin." Mrs. Stowe, accompanied by Rev. Lyman Beecher, her father, was a visitor at Batavia, O., many years ago, at the home of Judge Owen F. Fishback. During all the hours of her visit and while writing she always occupied this plain poplar chair. After Mrs. Stowe rose to fame with her book the chair was preserved and handed down as a part of history from Mrs. Fishback to Lou Buerkle, in whose possession it now remains. The back of the chair has become broken off, and all the slats are broken out of the back. The color of the chair was black. They relate all the historic points now connected with this plain and unassuming old time piece of furniture.—Milwaukee Sentinel.

Well Children

that are not very robust need a warming, building and fat-forming food—something to be used for two or three months in the fall—that they may not suffer from cold.

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of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda supplies exactly what they want. They will thrive, grow strong and be well all winter on this splendid food tonic. Nearly all of them become very fond of it. For adults who are not very strong, a course of treatment with the Emulsion for a couple of months in the fall will put them through the winter in first-class condition. Ask your doctor about this.

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Domestic Repartee.

She had put on her hat and gloves and was moving toward the door, when he looked up from his newspaper and asked:

"Where are you going?"

"A husband with good sense never asks his wife where she is going."

"But I suppose a woman with good sense has the right to ask her husband where he is going?"

"A woman with good sense never does anything of the kind, because if she has good sense she never marries, so she has no husband. Ta, ta!"

And it never dawned on her that she had called herself an idiot.—Pearson's Weekly.

His Enviable Lot.

Mr. Pitt—Since your friend Blinkins married Miss Bonds he has been leading the life of a dog.

Mr. Penn—I'm sorry for him.

"I'm not."

"Don't you sympathize with him?"

"Not at all. He has nothing to do but eat, sleep and amuse himself. It's the life of a pet pug dog he leads."—Pittsburg Chronicle-Telegraph.

Once Too Often.

"What's all this excitement about?"

"Nothing worth mentioning. Man got knocked down."

"Accident?"

"Not exactly. One of these men who always catch hold of you and push you out of their way when you happen to meet them at a crowded corner grabbed the wrong man just now. That's all."

Don't Neglect Your Liver.

Liver troubles quickly result in serious complications, and the man who neglects his liver has little regard for health. A bottle of Browns' Iron Bitters taken now and then will keep the liver in perfect order. If the disease has developed, Browns' Iron Bitters will cure it permanently. Strength and vitality will always follow its use. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

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BOON FOR MOTHERS	.....CASCARETS increase the flow of milk in nursing mothers. A tablet eaten by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.
PLEASE THE CHILDREN	.....CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive out worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.
CURE GUARANTEED	...CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by your own druggist.
HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS	.....CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

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THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be handsomely printed during 1898. This edition is issued every Wednesday, and presents and excellent compendium of the contents of the daily, but adds special information for farmers and the home. Its weekly visits bring to the fireside a fund of sound information, which every man needs for himself, and and influence for good, which he needs for his family. Price, $1 a year. Readers can sometimes obtain the Weekly Tribune at a lower price in combination with a local weekly paper. Sample copies free. Friends of the party and The Tribune are invited to make up clubs for the paper in their localities.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE is issued on Tuesdays and Fridays. Price, $2 a year. This edition is being enriched by the addition to each Friday's paper of a handsome pictorial supplement of 20 pages, in which are printed a profusion of "half-tone" and other pictures of great beauty and artistic merit. This supplement is dignified and able, and not only most entertaining, but immensely educational upon the minds and tastes of the family. An increasing number of subscribers indicates public approval of this feature o The Tribune. Sample copies free.

THE TRIBUNE ALMANAC for 1898, now in preparation, will contain several features of value not included in previous numbers, among them the new Constitution of the State of New York, providing for non partisan municipal elections, The Tribune's digest having been approved by Joseph H. Choate, a prominent member of the Constitutional Convention; the Constitution of the United States; the Dingley Tariff Bill, rates compared with the Wilson Bill, the Reciprocity clauses in full; a history of the Graeco-Turkish war; the principal events of 1897, etc., etc. The regular features will be retained, viz: Election returns for 1896 and 1897, in detail; platforms of all parties; an extended array of statistics of trade, commerce, finance, money, production of precious metals, manufactures, public debts, pensions, railroads, shipping, etc.; names of the principal officials of the United States and the several States, with their salaries; an abstract of the latest principal laws of Congress and the State Legislatures; and a great multiplicity of other valuable matters to which every intelligent man wishes to refer annually. 25 cents a copy. Copies may be ordered in advance. The Almanac will be out early in January.

A large number of Pamphlets extra, some of them of great interest, have been printed by The Tribune. A circular describing them will cheerfully be sent to any one inquiring by postal card

THE TRIBUNE, New Yorkt

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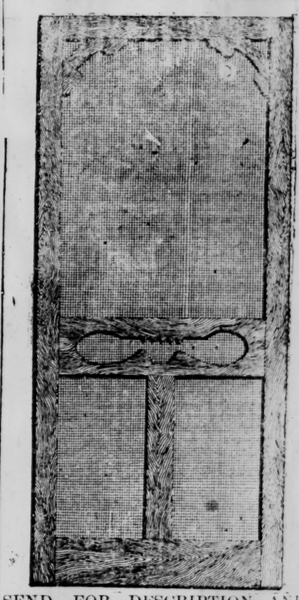

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Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; W. A. Jones, N. G.; R. H. Commander, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'ty; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer; W. H. Ballard, P. G.
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Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209 H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Guirkin, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary E. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.
Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Engle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter, T. B. Wilson, Finance Reporter; W. J. Tratton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.
Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; W. H. Sanford, Prophet; Will Anderson, Sachem; B. C. Lane, sr., Sagamore; Luther Holloman, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W.; J. P. Simpson, K. of W Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

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The North Carolinian.

Thursday, January 26 1899.

☞Keep an "eye on 'em,"

☞The ringsters are plotting for selfish ends.

☞If the office were to start out in search of the man in would soon be lost in the crowd.

☞Rumor is like a swarm of bees—The more you fight them the less you get rid of them.

☞The Senate has confirmed the appointment of Mrs. Elizabeth C. Pool as Postmistress.

☞Col. D. McD. Lindsay died in Washington, D. C., on Wednesday of last week, aged 65 years.

To become an able man in any profession there are three things necessary—nature, study and practice.

☞Representative Leigh has introduced a bill to increase the number of terms of Court in Pasquotank. They are needed.

☞In an interview Senator Tom Skinner said: "I want an election law that will prevent the negroes from voting altogether."

☞The North Carolina Iron Works have been incorporated. The names of the incorporators are G. M. Scott, J. M. Blades, E. S. Willey and James Blythe,

☞The State has granted charters to the North Carolina Iron Works, the Elizabeth City Buggy Company and the Carolina New Light Company.

☞Dunn's Review says that the new year has opened brilliantly. Cotton is advancing, grain exports increasing, in short the balance of trade in favor of this country is the greatest ever known.

☞General Grant once said: "Give the Democrats a chance and they will be sure to make mistakes." They have always done so. They are doing it at Raleigh. Instead of legislating for the interests of the *people* they are manipulating to keep their party in power,

☞Messrs. J. Q. A. Wood and J. R. McMullan, of Hertford, have formed a copartnership with Mr W. J. Broughton, of this city, for the purpose of manufacturing carriages, buggies and wagons. They will locate in the Broughton building on Poindexter street.

☞"Where will the Postoffice be located?" a good many of our citizens are wondering. Until arrangements are made it will probably remain where it now is, When permanently located it will be in a large room, where the accommodations will be satisfactory. This the public needs, expects and *must have.*

☞In reply to an inquiry asking "at what date the twentieth century begins, and why?" we answer: With January 1, 1901. The explanation is easy. Go back to the first century; it did not end until the last day of the year 100, so the second century commenced with the first day of 101. In like manner every century begins.

☞Those of our patrons who so promptly responded to the notices sent them will accept our thanks. Others have not yet done so, doubtless because learning of our illness preferring to wait until we were again able to attend to business. Now, that we are at our office again, we hope all in arrears will no longer delay in letting us hear from them. We now need the money.

☞The matter for the two issues of our paper while we were so ill and the largest part for last week's issue was prepared by our Foreman, Mr. L. E. Chapman, and we are sure our readers will agree that he got out a readable and interesting paper. In more ways than one he is our "right hand man."
—The above notice, just handed in by his venerable employer; leads the Foreman to add the admonition of his mother: "My son, remember your duty."

☞Criticism without knowledge is too often indulged in. Those who complain of the condition of Poindexter street are in this category. They do not understand the financial situation. All temporary work done on that street has been and would be money wasted. To make it what it should be—permanent and lasting—will cost several thousand dollars. With the present revenues of the Corporation this cannot be done without increasing the public debt to that amount. Under a strict construction of the decision of the Supreme Court in the Water Works case, the Town Commissioners doubt their legal right to incur this debt without legal authority to do so. A bill is before the Legislature to authorize the City to issue bonds to raise money for public improvements Then this and other needed improvements can be made. This is the case in a nutshell.

☞The business man who keeps his name in the newspaper all the time is the one who catches the eye of the trading public.

☞FOR SALE.—Handsome pony, faeton and harness. Faeton, comparatively new, harness in good condition, pony warrented sound and kind. The outfit will be sold reasonable as owner has no further need for it. Apply to R. W. Berry and examine it.

☞Why would the average man rather be charged with malice than with making a blunder.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞If some men go as they pay it will take them a long time to get there.

☞The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞The meeting of the citizens of the county held at the Court House Monday, did not result as the promoters of the meeting expected. Improvements of the Public Roads was discussed at length, but no definite understanding was reached. The meeting adjourned to meet at a future date.

CASTORIA.
The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

☞Travel has greatly increased between Manila and Washington within the past sixty days. Every vessel that lands at San Francisco brings a delegation of Anguinaldo emissaries, or a man with a plan.

☞At the meeting, notice of which was given last week, the teachers of white schools of the county met and a full organization was made by the election of the following officers: Mr. W. M. Hinton, president, Mr. S. L. Sheep 1st, Mr. Lessell Pritchard 2d, Miss Florence Bell 3d, Miss Ida Frost 4th vice presidents; Miss Mollie Hollowell, treasurer, and Mrs. W. C. Brooks secretary. An interesting program was rendered. All friends of the Association are invited to become members.

☞What Thomas Hughes calls sticktaitiveness is a very suggestive word. Changing from one kind of farming to rnother at frequent intervals does not pay.

☞One of the best substances for asparagus is soapsuds. If a drain can be arranged along a row of asparagus, so as to receive all the soapsuds that may be made, the effect will be very beneficial.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufacture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager Elizabeth City, N.C.

☞Cabbage should be started in the hotbed early, as they are not as tender as some plants and will stand exposure early in the season. Early cabbage can not be gotten into market too soon, and they always bring good prices.

Valuable to Women.
Especially valuable to women is Browns' Iron Bitters. Backache vanishes, headache disappears, strength takes the place of weakness, and the glow of health readily comes to the pallid cheek when this wonderful remedy is taken. For sickly children or overworked men it has no equal. No home should be without this famous remedy. Browns' Iron Bitters is sold by all dealers.

LOCAL MENTION

The sun rose this morning at 7:08 and will set to-night at 5:18.—Still more new buildings going up in different parts of the city.—The Branning Manufacturing Co,'s tug "Arm and Hammer," of Edenton, is on Willey's Ways for repairs.—When money talks a man seldom troubles himself to investigate the truth of its remarks.—At the residence of J. B. Fearing, on Riverside, on the 19th inst. Miss Bettie Sawyer departed this life.—Don't employ evil means and expect good results.—Mrs. T. G. Skinner, after spending several day's here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Pailin, left for Raileigh to join her husband.—The less tenderness a man has in his nature the more he requires of others.—There have been a number of cases of grippe in town, but they have nearly all convalesced.—A certan young man was heard to express his regret, as follows:

My Christmas joy was much decreased
My feelings were not pleasant;
For I found the girl I love the least,
Sent me the nicest present.

—Money dishonestly gotten don't always stick.—The kind friends who sent us toothsome birds during our illness have our sincere thanks.—A Bachelor says there never was a woman who looked anything but red-eyed and snuffy when she cried.—Cards are out announcing the marriage of Miss Margaret Davis to Mr. Charles H. Balfour this evening at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Broughton.—Economy is a first mortgage on wealth.—Our Baptist friends will hold a Union meeting at their Church here, commencing to-morrow. An elaborate program has been arranged.—The Quiet Observer thus refers to a case of Cupid's witchcraft:

She turned her head and gave a smile
To him behind discerned;
And though he looked at her the while
Yet his head, too, was turned.

—It occurred, no matter where: "I dearly love birds," he gently sighed. And then she didn't do a thing but hasten to the open piano and softly began singing "I wish I was a bird." They are looking for a nest now.—The pulpit of the *Methodist* Church Sunday night was occupied by Rev. Dr. Duehworth, of Tennessee, who, with his wife, is visiting their daughter, Mrs. W. C. Glover. Hon John Brady, of Gatesville, of the Board of Agriculture, was in the city yesterday on business. He gave us a pleasant call.—Register of Deeds M. B Culpepper says there have been very few real estate transaction this month, but that he has issued quite a number of marriage licenses.—Beautiful and pleasant weather this.—Farmers are now brightening their farming tools and have very little time to come to town. Some few have already begun plowing.—So far this week there have been no cases at all in Mayor Whitcomb's Court.—Anxiety is milking a kicking heifer with one hand and holding her tail with the other.—Miss Lizzie Whitson, of Petersburg, is visiting friends on Cypress street.—It will pay you to walk over to Davis' oyster packing house and see the large number of hands at work. One who never goes has but little idea of the oyster business; and still it is in its infancy.—The only way to define a kiss is to take one and then sit down and think. A sweet little thing told us this. Now she does the cooking and we have to hustle to get wood to cook with.—Our man got his laundry and Soon Chunk Fy told why he came to America:

Oh, no, I never breathe her name,
For sacred 'tis to me;
My bounding pulse I strive to tame
When that dear name I see,
For me 'tis full of music grand,
And aspirations high—
For she's the Chinese Empress and
Her name is "Tzu-hsi-tuan-
y-Kang-I-chao-yu-
chaung-cheng-shou-kung-
chin-hysten-chang-si."

Written as reported.—The Albemarle Fire Company's Band is practicing nightly for their trip to New Bern.—So far as our reporter could find out, nothing unusual happened in the different Wards yesterday except business and work. A man who is idle in this section is so from choice.—Master Elmer Chalk, of Hertford, is visiting relatives here.—"You only know the worst side of my husband," said a West End lady. "Why certainly you cannot deny that I know his better half," was the reply of the man she was talking to. He thought he knew them both.—Mrs. Snow, of Berkley, is visiting the family of Mr. and Mrs. E F. Sawyer on Church street.—The ventilation of a theory makes some people hot.—*Mr.* W. W. Crawford is off on a business trip to Hammers, Ala.—Often a man's character would be unable to recognize his reputation were they to meet.—Miss Goldie Kramer has consented to play the soubrette part in "Captain Dick" at Edenton to-night and to-morrow night, when the play will be rendered for the benefit of the Light Infantry of that place:—Says the Rhymster:

The man who said that distance lends
Enchantment to the view,
I'll bet referred unto a bill
That was shortly coming due.

—The last blow brings the crash, but all that went before were needed to fell the tree.—Mr. Wellington H. Waters, formerly of this place but now of Philadelphia, is at his old home on a visit.—Love and coins are sometimes tested by the rings.—Three prisoners escaped from the county jail on Saturday night.—The man who forgets a favor seldom forgives an injury.—A man may know his own mind and yet not be very wise.—Mr. Walter L. Cohoon, who has been at Raleigh several weeks, has returned.—There is no earthly love so true as a mother's love.—The tongue is about the only muzzle-loaded weapon that hasn't been discarded.—Mr. Geo. Steager has purchased the tin manufacturing business of Mr. T. P. Hall at the corner of Pearl and Poindexter streees.—The Albemarle Fire Company have ordered new suits.—The store of the Dawson Bros. is being repainted.—The streets are rapidly drying and getting in fair condition.—See notice to creditors in bankruptcy in another column.

A Clever Trick.
It certainly looks like it, but there is relly no trick about it. Anybody can try it who has Lame Back and weak kidneys, Malaria or nervous troubles. We mean he can cure himself right away by taking Electric Bitters. This medicine tones up the whole system, acts as a stimulant to the Liver and Kidneys, is a blood purifier and a nerve tonic. It cures Constipation, Headache, Fainting Spells, Sleeplessness and Melancholy. It is purely vegetable, a mild laxative and restores his system to its natural vigor. Try Electric Bitters and be convinced that they are a miracle worker Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50 cents a bottle at Alex Wadsworth's drug store.

Two handsome gentlemen passed by, striking their heels on the brick roof. "The larger man is the keeper of the wineroom," said Joe, the writer. "The thin one, dark and serious, is the steward." They looked very important.

"Well, Joe, I suppose some day you will be steward?" I ventured.

"Steward? Why, I have a much superior place as waiter," replied Joe contemptuously. "I would not give my position for three of his." Herr Boldt pays his waiters $25 a month in summer and $30 in winter. They are permitted to dine at the hotel free of cost. They average in tips $5 a day, which, with salary, gives them an income of $175 a month. Their daily expenses for dress, etc.—for they must look neat and stylish—are about $1.50.—New York Press.

FEATHERED BAROMETERS.

Sailors Warned by Them of a Coming Storm.

While a British brig was gliding smoothly along before a good breeze in the south Pacific a flock of small birds about the size, shape and color of parrakeets settled down in the rigging and passed an hour or more of resting. The second mate was so anxious to find out the species to which the visiting strangers belonged that he tried to entrap a specimen, but the birds were too shy to be thus caught and too spry to be seized by the quick hands of the sailors. At the end of about an hour the birds took the brig's course and disappeared, but toward nightfall they came back and passed the night in the maintop.

The next morning the birds flew off again, and when they returned at noon the sailors scattered some food about the decks. By this time the birds had become so tame that they hopped about the decks, picking up the crumbs. That afternoon an astonishing thing happened. The flock came flying swiftly toward the brig. Every bird seemed to be piping as if pursued by some little invisible enemy on wings, and they at once huddled down behind the deckhouse. The superstitious sailors at once called the captain of the brig, who rubbed his eyes and looked at the barometer. A glance showed that something was wrong with the elements, and the brig was put in shape to outride a storm.

The storm came about 20 minutes after the birds had reached the vessel. For a few minutes the sky was like the waterless bottom of a lake—a vast arch of yellowish mud—and torrents of rain fell. Why it did not blow very hard no one knows, but on reaching port two days later the captain learned that a great tornado had swept across that part of the sea. The birds left the vessel on the morning after the storm and were not seen again.—Maryland Bulletin.

AN EYE TO THE FUTURE.

The Widower Made Plans For His Fourth Honeymoon.

Included in the wide membership of the Pacific Union club is a middle aged man whom everybody knows simply as the Widower. He has been so fortunate as to outlive three consorts without getting tired of any of them. His many bereavements have given him a sort of professional standing in the world of sorrow, and he is rather proud of his reputation for constant mourning.

The Widower, whose grief is interesting to ladies, is never ostentatious in his sighings. On the contrary, he cultivates an air of patient resignation, beautiful to behold. A peculiarity about his case is his habit of associating the memory of each dear, departed spouse with some spot or resort about the city or the suburban towns.

He was recently showing San Francisco and its environs to a friend from New York. Over in Berkeley, he remarked, sighingly:

"Here I once walked on flowers, for my Elizabeth was with me then."

Out in the park he was careful to indicate the exact spot where poor Katharine had sketched the landscape with her right hand, while her left was clasped in his. At Sutro Heights he dropped a single tear, developed with great difficulty, as he gazed on the beach, where, not so very long ago, he sat with his arm around his sainted Caroline.

"If I ever marry again," he remarked musingly, "I think I shall bring her here."—San Francisco News Letter.

Irish Pronunciation.

An amusing example of the Irishman's pronunciation occurs in a story told of the late Dr. Todd, the Irish archæologist, who, although a great scholar, was not above perpetrating a practical joke. The London Spectator tells the story and says:

A very learned Englishman went to Dublin to examine some manuscripts in the library of Trinity college and was of course introduced to Dr. Todd, who one day in conversation told him that there was in Trinity college a curious instance of the survival of a habit dating from the time of the Danes; that at a certain hour of the afternoon—I think 6 o'clock—a porter went the round of the college ringing a bell and calling out in a loud voice, "The Dane's in the hall," when all the students rushed from their rooms to repel the invaders. So the learned but somewhat incredulous Englishman repaired to the college at 6 o'clock, and, sure enough, what Dr. Todd had told him came to pass, which he gravely related on his return to England. The summons of course referred to the dean.

WHOOPING
One of the most distressing sights is to see a child almost choking with the dreadful whooping-cough. Give the child Dr. John W. Bull's Cough Syrup, relief will be obtained at once and the sufferer will soon be cured.
Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP
Cures Whooping-Cough quickly.
Doses are small and pleasant to take. Doctors recommend it. Price 25 cts. At all druggists.

Notice of the First Meeting of Creditors.

IN the Eastern District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina.
In the matter of GEORGE W. COBB, Bankrupt. } In Bankruptcy
To the creditors of George W. Cobb, of Elizabeth City, in the County of Pasquotank and District aforesaid, a bankrupt:
Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1898, the said George W. Cobb, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of his creditors will be held at the office of J. W. Albertson, in Elizabeth City, N. C., at 12 M. on the 2nd day of February, 1899, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
L. J. MOORE,
Referee in Bankruptcy 3d Division in said District.
New Bern, N. C., Jan. 18th, 1899.

FOR SALE.

PURSUANT to decree of the Superior Court of Pasquotank County N. C., I shall offer for sale to the highest bidder at 12 o'clock, M., on Monday, January 30th, 1899, before the Court House door at Elizabeth City in said county the Mill Buildings and entire Steam Saw Mill plant of the Pasquotank Lumber Co. situate on the Pasquotank River and on the line of the N. & S. R. R. in said Elizabeth City; also a lot of timber and sawed lumber and rafting gear; also several tracts of timber land in Tyrell county. The whole plant is said to be in excellent condition. Parties who may desire to purchase the property are invited to examine it or write, postage paid, to the undersigned. Terms of sale one-third cash, balance at six and twele, months with approved security withinterest from day of sale. Persons who have claims against the Company are requested to present the same to me before the day of sale.
FRANK VAUGHAN, Receiver.

OUR COLORED PEOPLE

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

Subscribe to the CAROLINIAN.

Miss M. N. Reeves, of Edenton, spent Sunday in our city.

Rev. W. L. Clayton returned Saturday from his former home at Plymouth.

Mrs. P R. Anderson, who has been living here during her husband's labors here, left Friday last for her new home in Petersburg.

J. B. Trafton, who has been teaching at Powell's Point, was in our town Sunday.

Rev. W. C. Butler has been confined to his home for several days.

Several of our Ministers will attend the Union Meeting in Virginia this week

Rev. S. P. Smith, who spent last week in Raleigh, attending the Council of Colored Men, has returned, His reports are encouraging.

Misses Sarah and Alice Johnson, after spending a few days with friends here, returned last Saturday to Philadelphia.

The funeral of Mrs. Sarah Woodhouse took place at her late residence on Cobb street on Saturday.

Mrs. L. V. Mebane, who has been teaching in Roanoke Institute, has resigned her position and has been succeeded by Miss L. V. Fleming.

Capt. H. A. W. Mebane left last Friday to join his company at Macon, Ga. It is reported that the third regiment will soon be mustered out.

The burials of Miss Emma Sawyer and Samuel Martin, both of whom died Sunday, took place Monday and Tuesday respectfully.

Charlie Small, well known to many here, and a former resident, was shot last week at Norfolk and died a few days later from the effects of the same.

Sunday will be Christian Endeavor Day with Y. C. E. and "God's Army" will be the topic discussed.

The Teachers' Association will meet at the State Normal School Saturday morning at 11 o'clock and present an interesting program. All teachers and friends of education generally are invited.

The council of race leaders at Raleigh last week was well attended. A suitable memorial was prepared and presented to the Legislature and an address full of good and timely advice, was formulated and will be circulated among our people throughout the State.

Abner Fearing, a very well known young man of the town died Saturday after an illness of one week. The deceased was a member of the Hook and Ladder Cmpany and also of the Band. Both organizations were in attendance at the funeral which was one of the largest ever witnessed here

A CARD:—On behalf of myself and family, I beg herewith to express thanks for favors received and kindnesses rendered by my many friends, both white and colored, during the illness and since the death of my brother, Assuring them that every act performed and every favor received is highly and gratefully appreciated. Respectfully,
ROBT. FEARING

FOR SALE!
30 BUILDING LOT-FAIRVILLE
the OLD FAIR GROUNDS, near the Cotton Factory. Terms and payment made easy. P. JOHN.

$1.00
Dr. E. Detchon's Anti Diuretic.
May be worth to you more than $100 to you have a child who soils bedding from incontinence of water during sleep. Cures old and young alike. It arrests the trouble at once $1. Sold by Griggs & Son, Druggists, Elizabeth City, N. C

RELIEF IN SIX HOURS.
Distressing Kidney and Bladder disease relieved in six hours by "New Great South American Kidney Cure." It is a great surprise on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in bladder, kidney and back, in male or female. Relieves retention almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is the remedy. For sale by Griggs & Son, Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C

Bucklen's Arnica Salve
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruisrs, Sares, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price twenty-five cents per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth.

Special Offer To Our Readers.
IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR A BARGAIN, HERE IT IS.
NORTH CAROLINIAN AND The Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press, BOTH PAPERS ONE YEAR, For Only $1.50.
The Twice-a-Week Detroit Free Press needs no introduction. Its many special articles by noted writers have given it a world-wide reputation. In short, it is one of the cleanest and brightest and best family papers published. No pains or expense will be spared in keeping up its present high standard. It is conceded to be one of the leading family newspapers of America. If you are looing for something real good tae advantage of this combination offer.
Remember that by taking advantage of this combination, you get 52 copias of the Carolinian and 104 copies of the Free Press, 156 papers for $1.50.

No Cure—No Pay.
That is the way all druggists sell GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC for Chills and Malaria. It is simply Iron and Quinine in a tasteless form. Children love it. Adults prefer it to bitter nauseating tonics. Price, 50 cents.

CASTORIA
The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and Substitutes are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.
What is CASTORIA
Castoria is a substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Harmless and Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.
GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death
to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices defy competition. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because by thus doing we are sure to secure trade
Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.
In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our
Wholesale Department,
like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable; we have been since we were a boy.
W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

ONE GIVES RELIEF.
Don't Spend a Dollar for Medicine until you have tried
RIPANS TABULES
You can buy them in the paper 5-cent cartons
Ten Tabules for Five Cents.
This sort is put up cheaply to gratify the universal present demand for a low price.
If you don't find this sort of
Ripans Tabules At the Druggist's
Send Five Cents to THE RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce St., New York, and they will be sent to you by mail; or 12 cartons will be mailed for 48 cents. The chances are ten to one that Ripans Tabules are the very medicine you need.

Admistration Notice.

HAVING qualified as Administrator of the late Emiline Markham, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate payment and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.
L. M. SATTERTHWAITE,
Admr of Emiline Markham.
November 21, 1898.

N.G Grandy&Co
—BROKERS—
Agents for Woldridge's High Class
FERTILIZERS.
We also keep COTTON SEED MEAL and HULLS, the finest feed in the world for producing milk and fattening poor cattle. We ask a trial.
REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & Pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City N. C.

2 LARGE STORES CONNECTED AND UNDER 1 LIBERAL MANAGEMENT
Our business largely increased, it became necessary to have more room; have rented the STORE NEXT TO OUR OLD STAND, in which we are showing a
CHEAP AND LARGE
Stock of Clothing, Shoes and Gent's Furnishing Goods, Hats etc. The
OLD STAND
is stocked with a choice and low price line of DRESS GOODS, ETC., LADIES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES MILLINERY, &c. New Goods arriving daily. Come and see them.
Moses Weisel,

PATENTS
Caveats, and Trade-Marks obtained and all Patent business conducted for MODERATE FEES.
OUR OFFICE IS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFICE and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington.
Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise, if patentable or not, free of charge. Our fee not due till patent is secured.
A PAMPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents," with cost of same in the U. S. and foreign countries sent free. Address,
C. A. SNOW & CO.
OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

...the finest re-... Jamaica and Porto ... both rail and water from ... weekly steamship service be-... Tampa, Key West and Havana. ...tifully illustrated literature, maps, ...tes, etc., upon application to J. J. Farnsworth, Eastern Pass. Agent, Plant System, 261 Broadway, New York.

Spanish books will be admitted to Cuba free of duty for ten years.

Lane's Family Medicine.

Moves the bowels each day. In order to be healthy this is necessary. Acts gently on the liver and kidneys. Cures sick headache. Price 25 and 50c.

Senator Wolcott speaks in a high-pitched voice and with few gestures.

Warm Blood

Coursing through the veins, feeds, nourishes and sustains all the organs, nerves, muscles and tissues of the body. Hood's Sarsaparilla makes warm, rich, pure blood. It is the best medicine you can take in winter. It tones, invigorates, strengthens and fortifies the whole body, preventing colds, fevers, pneumonia and the grip.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine. Price $1. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Sick Headache. 25c.

A Jealous Canary.

Dogs are often said to be almost human and to understand every word said to them, though as a matter of fact they only pretend to do so, but birds are not usually supposed to be endowed with a like intelligence and to share the evil passions which beset mankind. An action in the Southwark County Court, however, has established that a singing canary can emulate human artists in the possession of the demon jealousy. To such an extent was it attacked by artistic pique that it died, not being able to survive being outsung by a neighboring bird. Such a sad fate was deeply lamented by the defendant in the action, a news vendor whose bird it was, but who had tried to sell it to the plaintiff. The general opinion of his friends was that the bird had died of a broken heart. The plaintiff had returned it because it was not worth anything, but the tender-hearted newsvendor said that it sang "simply lovely" and that to hear it warbling against the canary next door was quite a picture." Altogether the evidence and the similes got rather mixed, as it turned out that the canary was not a canary, but a linnet.—London Telegraph.

The World's Population Increasing.

Even in uncivilized parts of the world there is conclusive evidence that population is increasing. The black races of Africa are the most prolific of human beings. A district may be wasted and most of its inhabitants killed, but in ten or fifteen years the devastated region is as thickly populated as ever. Some of the most destructive native wars in this century have been waged in the region behind Lagos, on the Upper Guinea coast, but this district, as large as New York State, is now more densely peopled than any other part of Africa except the lower Nile Valley. The Chinese have demonstrated how vast a population, mainly agricultural, may be supported in a comparatively small area; and in China, as in some other densely peopled regions, the population has increased with perhaps peculiar rapidity, because of its enjoyment of comparative immunity from epidemics of disease.—New York Sun.

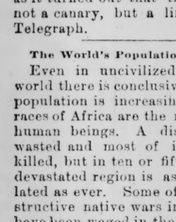
What the Turk Likes.

A delightfully characteristic expression of Turkish public opinion is quoted in Lord Warkworth's clever "Notes From a Dairy in Asiatic Turkey." A reforming governor, who (of course) had just been recalled, described to Lord Warkworth his attempts to light the streets. He had erected oil-lamps posts. The posts remained, but not the lamps, for the officials appointed to look after them stole the oil; and as for the people, they were all rejoicing (as the governor pathetically observed), "that as soon as his excellency is gone we shall be left in peace and darkness again." What a flood of light (if we may be excused the bull) this throws on the worth of some of the panaceas propounded for the regeneration of Turkey!—London Daily News.

A LIVING WITNESS.

Mrs. Hoffman Describes How She Wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for Advice, and Is Now Well.

DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Before using your Vegetable Compound I was a great sufferer. I have been sick for months, was troubled with severe pain in both sides of abdomen, sore feeling in lower part of bowels, also suffered with dizziness, headache, and could not sleep. I wrote you a letter describing my case and asking your advice. You replied telling me just what to do. I followed your directions, and cannot praise your medicine enough for what it has done for me. Many thanks to you for your advice. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured me, and I will recommend it to my friends.—Mrs. FLORENCE R. HOFFMAN, 512 Roland St., Canton, O.



The condition described by Mrs. Hoffman will appeal to many women, yet lots of sick women struggle on with their daily tasks disregarding the urgent warnings until overtaken by actual collapse.

The present Mrs. Pinkham's experience in treating female ills is unparalleled, for years she worked side by side with Mrs. Lydia E. Pinkham, and for sometimes past has had sole charge of the correspondence department of her great business, treating by letter as many as a hundred thousand ailing women during a single year.

Go to your grocer to-day and get a 15c. package of

Grain-O

It takes the place of coffee at ¼ the cost.

Made from pure grains it is nourishing and healthful.

Insist that your grocer gives you GRAIN-O. Accept no imitation.

REVOLUTION IN SAMOA.

Malietoa Tanus Was Declared King and Severe Fighting Followed.

MATAAFA'S MEN BURN A TOWN.

German Consul Assumed Authority, Causing the British Warship to Clear For Action and to Land Marines—Mataafa's Followers Are Victorious—A Provisional Government Established.

AUCKLAND, New Zealand (By Cable).—A violent outbreak has occurred in Samoa, and according to advices the situation for the British, American and German officials there is very serious. These dispatches say that Chief Justice Chambers on December 31 declared Malietoa Tanus to have been elected King, in succession to the late King Malietoa. The Chief Justice also announced that Tamasese had been elected Vice King. Chief Mataafa was declared to be disqualified, and this caused a clash between the parties, resulting in bloodshed and loss of life, Mataafa's followers rising against those of Malietoa Tanus.

The Consuls of the United States and Great Britain and the Captains of the German warship Falke and the British warship Porpoise met the German Consul, who refused to recognize Malietoa Tanus and declined to co-operate in the dispersal of the Samoans, who thereupon assembled in large numbers at Muinu, armed themselves, and surrounded the municipality.

Malietoa Tanus and Tamasese mustered about 2000 men, well armed, but supplied with defective ammunition. The British and American Consuls endeavored to avert hostilities, but they commenced on January 1. Malietoa Tanus and Tamasese fought bravely, but 500 of their followers were captured. Then, disheartened and outnumbered, the two chiefs sought refuge on the British warships and their followers sought protection under the guns of the Porpoise.

Mataafa's loss was sixty-one killed and wounded and Malietoa Tanus lost twelve men killed and wounded. After the fight the followers of Mataafa looted and burned Apia, burned 400 houses and razed the town of Upolu, destroyed the plantations, cut down the bread fruit trees and pillaged considerably in the country.

The American, English and German Consuls have issued a proclamation recognizing the provisional Government set up by Mataafa with President Raffel of the Municipal Council as the executive head. On January 6 Raffel, with the concurrence of the German Consul, declared himself Chief Justice. The British and American Consuls protested against this action, and on January 7 Captain Sturdee, of the Porpoise, cleared his ship for action and landed a force of marines. The marines took possession of the court, and the British and American flags were raised over Chief Justice Chambers's house and the Court House.

The Provisional Governor announced on January 12 that he would seize Malietoa and take Tamasese off the Porpoise by force if necessary, deprive them of their titles and expel them from the islands.

The British and American consuls have protested against any infringement of the Berlin treaty. British residents have taken refuge in their consulates, and the American residents and Malietoa Tanus have taken refuge in the mission, which is being guarded by the Porpoise.

An American war ship is urgently needed.

WILL MAINTAIN OUR RIGHTS.

The Situation in the Samoan Islands is Regarded Serious in Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The situation in the Samoan Islands is realized here to be full of gravity. For some time past there has been an exchange of correspondence between the three Governments party to the treaty of Berlin respecting the choice of a successor to the late King Malietoa, and some friction has developed owing to the strict adherence of the United States Government to the terms of the treaty.

It was known here that the British and American consular officers at Apia have been acting in accord in the present involved political situation, and although the interests of the United States may not be compared with those of Germany, yet their rights under the treaty are equal, and it may be stated they will be maintained.

CLEVELAND BRIDGE WRECKED.

A Flood Caused by the Breaking of an Ice Dam Destroyed the Structure.

CLEVELAND, Ohio (Special).—A costly steel bridge crossing Kingsbury Run, at Williston Avenue, was wrecked a few days ago by a flood caused by the bursting of an ice dam a mile or more above the structure.

The dam burst on Sunday, after the heavy rains of Friday night and Saturday. The great flood of water liberated came rushing down the ravine to the culvert under the bridge. There the water backed up until many acres of the surrounding fields were covered. When the obstruction was removed the torrent rushed through with such force that the foundations of the bridge piers were undermined one after another.

The bridge was about 300 feet long. It cost about $100,000, and was opened for traffic last summer.

A MONKEY PUTS OUT A FIRE.

Left Alone at Home, It Smothers a Blaze With Old Clothes.

BELLEVILLE, Ill. (Special).—Mrs. Peter Minetti, of this city, owns a monkey and confines it in a wire cage. A few days ago Mrs. Minetti put some fresh coal on the grate fire, locked up the house, and went to visit some friends. A lump of burning coal fell to the floor and set fire to the carpet.

The monkey broke out of the cage and hurried into an adjoining room, secured some articles of wearing apparel, and threw them over the burning carpet, completely smothering the flames.

When Mrs. Minetti returned home the monkey was sitting beside its cage, carefully nursing two badly burned paws. The timely action of the monkey averted a conflagration.

Arkansas's Governor Inaugurated.

Governor Jones and the other State officers of Arkansas were sworn in at Little Rock a few days ago in the presence of the legislative joint assembly and a large crowd of spectators. Governor Jones's inaugural message dwelt entirely upon State matters.

Double Lynching in Tennessee.

George Call and John Shaw, both colored, and who bore a bad reputation in the community, were shot and killed by unknown persons at Lynchburg, Tenn., a few days ago. Both had served terms in prison for robbery, and had been whipped by whitecaps and run out of town, but returned. Each was about eighteen years of age.

Don Carlos to Lead His Army.

It is reported from Madrid, Spain, that the Carlists are ready for a rising, and that Don Carlos will soon take the field himself.

Newsy Gleanings.

The two years' military service in Germany has been declared unsuccessful.

The White Star Line steamer Oceanic, the largest ship ever built, was launched a few days ago at Harland & Wolff's yard, Belfast, Ireland.

The Town Council of Thornton, Ind., has adopted an ordinance forbidding persons from "lining-up" at the close of church services as if in review.

The aggregate value of New York City property exempt from taxation in 1899, not including that owned by city, State, and Nation, is placed at $96,162,500.

There is a movement among the philanthropic women of Boston to found a woman's hotel on the same lines as the Mills Hotel for workingmen in New York.

The Michigan House of Representatives has appointed a committee to investigate the expenditure of State funds in equipping the militia for the Spanish war.

There is so little sickness among the United States troops in Havana that twenty women nurses out of the one hundred originally employed have been dismissed.

In Michigan the fishermen are making vigorous protests against the law which fixes the closed season for fishing in the great lakes from October 30 to December 15.

Every fire insurance company doing business in Kentucky has been indicted in the State Fiscal Court at Frankfort for conspiring to fix rates and prevent competition under the statute prohibiting the formation of a pool or trust.

COLUMBUS'S BONES LANDED.

A Solemn Ceremony Attending Their Transfer to the Cathedral of Seville.

SEVILLE, Spain (By Cable).—The Spanish auxiliary cruiser Giralda arrived here Thursday morning with the reputed ashes of Columbus on board, which had been transferred from the cruiser Conde de Venadito, on which they were brought from

DUKE OF VERAGUA.

(Descendent of Columbus who represented the King and Queen Regent of Spain in the re-interment of the discoverer's bones at Seville.)

Havana. The municipal authorities took charge of the coffin on board. The Giralda fired a salute, to which the land batteries replied, and the procession was then formed and the coffin transferred to the celebrated Cathedral of Seville.

The route to the cathedral from the wharf was thronged, troops and sailors being drawn up on each side of the way. The Chapter of the Cathedral received the remains, which will lie in state until finally placed in the vault. After another salute the funeral service was celebrated in the presence of an enormous crowd.

The entire ceremony was mournful even beyond what is customary at public funerals. The people seemed to recognize that the interment of the Spanish colonial empire was symbolized by the ceremony. The Duke of Veragua, who is a descendant of Columbus, represented the King and Queen Regent.

MRS. GEORGE INDICTED.

Her Former Counsel Tells of Her Threats Against George D. Saxton.

CANTON, Ohio (Special).—The Grand Jury has indicted Mrs. Annie E. George for murder in the first degree for the killing of George D. Saxton, brother of Mrs. McKinley, on the evening of October 7. The bill is in four counts, each count covering one of the four shots which took effect in the body of Saxton. It is known that damaging testimony was given by an attorney who appeared in several cases in which Mrs. George was interested. This attorney is W. O. Werntz, who was the law partner of James Sterling, one of the attorneys engaged to defend Mrs. George at present.

Mr. Werntz appeared before the Grand Jury and testified. It is understood that he testified that Mrs. George had said to him that she thought she would get two revolvers, kill Saxton with one and throw the other at his feet, pleading self-defense. She also spoke of shooting Saxton and then throwing the revolver away so as to appear unarmed if accused.

TRIED SUICIDE TOGETHER.

Two Sixteen-Year-Old Girls Take Morphine and One of Them Dies.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. (Special).—Tammie Church and her cousin, Florence Johnson, attempted suicide with morphine at Miss Johnson's home a few days ago. Each is sixteen years old. Miss Church had failed to receive a letter from a sweetheart and had become despondent. She read of the suicide of a well-known man the previous day, and this, it is thought, made her determined to die. Her cousin is supposed to have taken the drug out of sympathy with Miss Church. They bought ten cents' worth of morphine at a drug store.

Early in the morning Mrs. Johnson heard heavy breathing in the girl's room, and going in found her daughter unconscious and Miss Church dead. Miss Johnson will recover. Miss Church lived in Gallatin, Tenn. She was here on a visit.

GENERAL LAWTON OFF TO MANILA.

American Troops For the Philippines Going by Way of the Suez Canal.

NEW YORK CITY (Special).—The United States transport Grant, having on board General Lawton, who is to command the United States military forces in the Philippines, the Fourth United States Infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth United States Infantry, sailed for Manila Thursday morning.

As the ship passed Governor's Island a salute of thirteen guns, in honor of Major-General Lawton, in charge of the expedition, was fired. As she passed through the Narrows the Grant was saluted by Forts Hamilton and Wadsworth. All the way through the harbor the shipping tooted in honor of the departing troops, and when they reached Sandy Hook a rapid-fire battery gave them their final send-off.

The Grant is the first troopship to convey American soldiers by the Suez Canal to the Pacific Ocean.

A GIRL AN INCENDIARY.

Lizzie Taylor, Aged Fourteen, of Bristol, Conn., Sent to an Asylum.

BRISTOL, Conn. (Special).—Lizzie Taylor, fourteen years old, the adopted daughter of W. S. Taylor, of this place, has been committed to the Connecticut Hospital for the Insane suffering from an acute mania for incendiarism. The child has confessed to the setting of seven fires in Bristol during the last eighteen months. Of these fires two resulted in the total destruction of two fine barns owned by Mr. Taylor, and a third partially destroyed the Taylor homestead. The confession clears up the origin of the very mysterious fires which have excited the residents of Bristol for some time.

The girl was detected a few days ago in the act of firing the house again by igniting paper in the attic.

$300,000 For Rural Free Delivery.

The Postoffice Appropriation bill, which has just been reported to the House of Representatives, Washington, by Chairman Loud, of the Committee on Postoffices and Post Roads, makes an appropriation of $300,000 for the continuance of the rural free delivery service during the next fiscal year.

The Gordon Memorial Fund.

At a meeting of the General Committee of the Gordon Memorial College held in London a few days ago it was announced that the subscriptions amounted to $590,000.

Cycling Notes.

It is said that bicycles are going out of favor in England, especially among society people.

Japan, not to be behind other countries, uses bicycles in its postal and telegraph departments.

During the past five years one accident insurance company has made payments for cycle accidents amounting to $65,000.

It is the general opinion among the bicycle trade that during 1899 the exports of American wheels will be double that of 1898.

An Essex (England) cyclist has patented the idea of forming the spokes of gears or chain wheels in the shape of the letters composing the name of the makers.

The increasing tendency toward the use of higher gears and longer cranks is even now noticeable on the roads. There seems little doubt that a majority of riders find it more comfortable to push harder and move the legs slower.

Bicyclers will have a new toe clip which is hinged to the side of the pedals and has extensions on the front and rear which spring the clip into place, when touched by the foot, the pedal always being balanced for use either side up.

Gears as low as sixty-three and sixty-four have almost disappeared. Even the women on drop frames are now riding wheels geared from seventy to eighty, with long cranks. The longer cranks give greater leverage, but when a woman uses them the motion suggests power more than grace.

TO GOVERN THE SOUDAN.

An Agreement Between Great Britain and Egypt as to Control.

GOVERNOR GENERAL REAL RULER.

The British and Egyptian Flags Will Be Raised Together in all the Reconquered Provinces—The Slave Trade is Absolutely Prohibited—Conditions Under Which Commerce Will be Carried On.

CAIRO, Egypt (By Cable).—The Official Gazette has published a convention between Great Britain and Egypt relating to the future government of the reconquered Soudan provinces.

After reciting that the provinces were reconquered by the joint military and financial efforts of the British and Khedivial Governments, and setting forth the desire to give effect to the claims that have accrued to Her Britannic Majesty's Government by right of conquest, the convention proceeds as follows:

"It is hereby agreed and declared between the undersigned, duly authorized, that the word Soudan in this agreement means all the territories south of the twenty-second parallel of latitude which have never been evacuated by the Egyptian troops since 1882, or which, having been administered by the Khedive's Government prior to the late rebellion, were temporarily lost to Egypt and have been reconquered by the British and Egyptian Governments acting in concert, or which may hereafter be reconquered by the two Governments acting in concert.

"The British and Egyptian flags shall be used together on both land and water throughout the Soudan, except in Suakim, where the Egyptian flag alone shall be used.

"The supreme military and civil command in the Soudan shall be vested in one officer, termed the Governor-General, appointed by Khedivial decree, with the consent of Great Britain, and to be removed only by Khedivial decree with the consent of Great Britain."

The next clause gives the Governor-General absolute power to make, alter or abrogate by proclamation laws, orders or regulations for the good government of the Soudan, and for the regulation, holding and disposal of property of every kind situate in the Soudan. But all such proclamations must forthwith be notified to the Agent of Her Britannic Majesty at Cairo and to the President of the Khedivial Council.

Regarding the conditions under which Europeans shall be permitted to trade, reside or hold property in the Soudan, the convention says:

"No special privileges shall be accorded the subjects of any one or more Powers. Import duties shall not be levied on goods from Egyptian territory, but they shall be leviable on goods from elsewhere. In the case of goods entering the Soudan at Suakim, or any other Red Sea port, the duties must not exceed the amount leviable upon foreign goods entering Egypt. Duties may be levied upon goods leaving the Soudan, the rates to be prescribed by proclamation."

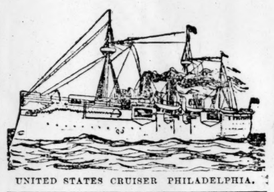
No consular agents shall be accredited to or allowed to reside in the Soudan without the previous consent of Great Britain. The importation or exportation of slaves is absolutely prohibited.

The convention, which is dated at Cairo, January 18, 1899, is signed by the Khedivial Minister of Foreign Affairs, Boutros Pacha Ghali, and by Lord Cromer, British Agent and Consul-General in Egypt.

PHILADELPHIA ORDERED TO SAMOA

The Administration Takes Steps to Maintain Its Rights in the Island.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—The situation in Samoa is considered so grave by the Administration that the Navy Department has issued orders for the cruiser Philadelphia to proceed to Apia at once to represent the United States interests there. The Philadelphia, with Admiral Kautz on board, arrived on Thursday at San Diego, Cal.



UNITED STATES CRUISER PHILADELPHIA.

The commander of the Philadelphia will act in conformity with the instructions of the United States Consul so far as those instructions are in line with the treaty of Berlin, which the United States contends must be literally enforced until amended. It would take the Philadelphia about sixteen days to make the run from San Diego to Apia, touching at Honolulu for coal.

Great Britain to Send Warsh ps.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand (By Cable).—Owing to the trouble at Samoa growing out of the election of a successor to the late King Malietoa three British warships have been ordered to the island.

AWAKENED BY TORTURE.

A Girl's Neck and Shoulders Burned With Heated Aluminum Points.

MONTREAL, Quebec (Special).—Miss Eva Roch, the victim of the twenty-eight days of lethargic sleep following an attack of hysterics, was awakened a few days ago by Drs. Rivet, Simard and Lauzon, who applied actual cautery on the neck and along the spinal column down to the middle of the shoulders. At the first three or four burns applied the young woman revived and uttered a faint moan as if suffering from pain. The operation was continued until about fifty applications had been made, but lightly. She was then perfectly conscious and seemed surprised at the sight of the doctors. "My God, my God," she exclaimed in a weak voice, "what has happened?" She recognized her parents. The doctors are satisfied that she was perfectly unconscious of all that took place during her long sleep. The points used in burning her were made of aluminum and heated in a joined benzine and alcohol flame.

Maine Legislature For Expansion.

The chief feature of Thursday's session of the Maine Legislature at Augusta concerned the resolutions of Mr. Macomber, of Augusta, indorsing the expansion policy of the Administration, and inviting President McKinley to visit Augusta. The resolutions passed the House by an unanimous rising vote, amid much enthusiasm.

The Senate Confirms Mr. Choate.

The United States Senate at Washington has confirmed the nomination of Joseph H. Choate, of New York, to be Ambassador to Great Britain.

General Merritt to Try Eagan.

The detail of the court-martial, which is to try Commissary-General Charles P. Eagan on charges growing out of his attack on General Miles before the War Investigating Commission was made public at the War Department in Washington. It comprises thirteen army officers, of whom Major-General Wesley Merritt is at the head, and Judge Advocate. The court-martial will convene in Washington in a few days.

Confidence in the Court of Cassation.

The French Chamber of Deputies has voted confidence in the Court of Cassation, which is considering the Dreyfus case.

A Borough Council Accused.

The Grand Jury at Hackensack, N. J., which was discharged a few days ago by Judge Zabriskie, delivered presentments against the Rutherford Borough Council and Mayor and also against the Collector. The former were charged with paying other bills with the $10,000 assessed and collected to pay on account of $25,000 bonds issued for sewer purposes. The Collector was charged with collecting fees illegal and in excess of those allowed by law.

Keel of the New Maine Laid.

The laying of the keel of the new battleship Maine has been completed at Cramps' shipyard, Philadelphia, Penn.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

Senator Platt (Rep., Conn.) has been appointed to fill the vacancy on the Board of the Regents of the Smithsonian Institution made by the death of Senator Morrill, of Vermont.

The House Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads not only restored the appropriation for the pneumatic tube service which was stricken from the Postoffice appropriation, but removed the restriction as to the cities where the appropriation shall be expended and increased the amount to $300,000.

The House Committee on Commerce gave a hearing a few days ago to the Grace-Cragin-Eyre syndicate, which proposes to build the Nicaragua Canal under a new concession from that Goverment.

The Committee on Naval Affairs passed upon the part of the Appropriation bill relating to the purchase and manufacture of smokeless powder and struck out the word "manufacture," so that the entire amount, $1,000,000, will be available for the purchase of powder.

The Comptroller of the Currency approved an application for authority to organize the State National of St. Louis, Mo., capital $2,000,000.

Mr. Ross, Mr. Morrill's successor as Senator from Vermont, presented his credentials a few days ago and the oath of office was administered to him.

The House passed the Navy Personnel bill. Amendments provide for a Judge Advocate's corps, the abolition of prize money, the retirement of non-commissioned officers and enlisted men after thirty years' service, and a material increase of the Marine Corps.

The Senate Committee on Public Buildings and Grounds made a favorable report on a bill appropriating $1,000,000 for the erection of a building in Washington for the Department of Justice and the Court of Claims.

Mrs. Mary C. Butler, who was formerly a slave, died a few days ago at the age 100 years and 17 days.

In the Senate Senator Hoar introduced a resolution recognizing the independence of the people of the Philippines, and their right to form a government of their own, and declaring the intention of the United States to refrain from interference with such government.

Domestic.

In the Illinois House of Representatives a few days ago Mr. Abbott offered a resolution thanking Miss Helen Gould, of New York, for her effort to ameliorate the condition of the sick and wounded soldiers during the war with Spain. It was adopted.

Benjamin I. Greenebaum, Secretary of Michael Greenebaum Sons Company, building contractors, filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy in the United States District Court, Chicago, a few days ago, scheduling liabilities at $566,999, with nominal assets.

Max Wolff, President of the Palace Ribbon Manufacturing Company, was seriously shot by Morris C. Seinderstein, until recently foreman in his mill, as he was leaving his office a few nights ago in South Allentown, Penn. Seinderstein was arrested and put under $5000 bail. Seinderstein is sixty-six years old and Wolff forty.

The converted yacht Eagle sailed from Norfolk, Va., a few days ago. She will proceed to Cuban waters, where she will be employed upon coast and harbor survey duty. The Eagle has been overhauled, refitted and painted white.

County Judge Skipton, of Fillmore County, Ill., was fined $50 by the Legislature in the contempt proceedings instituted by that body. The Legislature had ordered the Judge to forward the election returns of the Sixty-seventh Legislative District to Lincoln for the Legislature to pass upon the case. This he refused to do, and was cited to appear and show cause why he should not be fined for contempt. A minority report supported Judge Skipton.

Results of the voting on the woman suffrage amendment in the November elections in the State of Washington, according to the official count, were 20,171 votes for, 30,497 against and 24,987 ignoring the amendment, the majority against woman suffrage being 10,326, with 75,654 votes cast.

Professor George H. Bell, well known as a Seventh Day Adventist, and the oldest professor in the National College of Battle Creek, Mich., was killed by his horse running away.

The residence of Charles Null, at Kokomo, Ind., was wrecked by a natural gas explosion. Mrs. Null was fatally burned. Mrs. Marion Smith and Miss Elizabeth Burns suffered from severe burns about the face and arms. The explosion was caused by an accumulation of gas in the cellar, into which Mrs. Null went with a lighted lamp.

W. M. Rhinesmith and John Fredericks were killed and a number of others severely injured in a railroad accident at Greenwood Lake, N. J., a few days ago. A car leaped from the rails and rolled down an embankment.

Chief of Police John Garvey, of Menasha, Wis., was found in the Neenah Canal by a mill hand. An examination shows that he had been murdered and then thrown into the water. The back of his head was beaten in.

Fred J. Barstow, foreman in the publishing house of the W. B. Conkey Company, of Chicago, Ill., shot and killed an unidentified man during a labor dispute on the street. Barstow was arrested.

Major Francis L. Hills, a West Point graduate and at present Chief Engineer of the Wilmington and Northern Railroad, was notified at Wilmington, Del., of his appointment as engineer in charge of the Government works at Porto Rico.

Samuel Steiner, a farmer of Pleasant Valley township, surrendered himself to the authorities at West Union, Iowa. He said that his brother John and himself, with a neighbor named Hunsberger, were together a few days ago; that they drank of homemade wine, becoming intoxicated; that a quarrel arose between them, in which he shot his brother, killing him instantly.

The north-bound limited train on the Illinois Central had a head-end collision with a switch engine at Champaign, Ill., a few days ago. Engineer Henry Thorpe of the switch engine and Fireman W. B. Logan of the limited were killed. Thorpe had been an engineer on the road for thirty years.

Foreign.

Emperor William received the Chinese Minister, Lu-Hai-Houan, a few days ago, who presented his Majesty with the insignia of the Double Dragon, conferred upon the German Emperor by the Emperor of China.

The Spanish Minister of War, General Correa, announces that he has ordered the Captain-General to rigorously apply the military law prohibiting officers from participating in politics.

A pack of wolves, emboldened by hunger, recently attacked a monastery at Lopovean, in the Moldavian Mountains, Roumania, and killed the friar.

John Barrett, ex-Minister to Siam, in an address before the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce, said the acquisition of the Philippines is of vital importance to the protection of American interests in the Far East.

M. Cambon, the French Ambassador to Great Britain, in a speech in London said that France desired peace among all nations, was sincerely in sympathy with the Czar's pacific proposals, and that the Anglo-French friction over the Fashoda incident had been greatly exaggerated in the public press.

The United States Embassy at Berlin has been instructed to secure the discharge of William Brior, of Cincinnati, who has been impressed into the Germany Army.

Albert E. Mussen, teller of the savings department of the Merchants' Bank, at Montreal, Quebec, has been arrested. There is a shortage in his accounts, which it is said will amount to $60,000. His relatives are very wealthy.

St. Anne's College at Digby, N. S., was totally burned a few days ago, and, in their labors to secure safety for all the inmates of the dormitory, the Rev. Fathers La Dore, Chaisson and Canon were seriously injured. The college cost about $75,000, and the furniture and personal property were worth probably $25,000 more. The insurance is $20,000.

A Belgian missionary, Father Belbrouck, has been murdered by the Chinese at Hu-Peh, in the province of the same name, Central China, and the mission house has been burned.

The Queen Regent of Spain has announced her royal pleasure that the ratification of the treaty of peace with the United States shall be left for the Cortes, declaring that she is not justified in assuming the right to sign the treaty alone.

The residence of Russell Alger, Jr., at Grand Mere, Quebec, has been destroyed by fire. The pulp and paper mills adjoining and in which Secretary of War Alger is interested were saved.

A German student named Biberle, fatally shot a Dzech student, named Linhart, at Prague, Austria, with his revolver in a fight resulting from a political dispute.

THE EXCELLENCE OF SYRUP OF FIGS

is due not only to the originality and simplicity of the combination, but also to the care and skill with which it is manufactured by scientific processes known to the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, and we wish to impress upon all the importance of purchasing the true and original remedy. As the genuine Syrup of Figs is manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. only, a knowledge of that fact will assist one in avoiding the worthless imitations manufactured by other parties. The high standing of the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. with the medical profession, and the satisfaction which the genuine Syrup of Figs has given to millions of families, makes the name of the Company a guaranty of the excellence of its remedy. It is far in advance of all other laxatives, as it acts on the kidneys, liver and bowels without irritating or weakening them, and it does not gripe nor nauseate. In order to get its beneficial effects, please remember the name of the Company—

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.

LOUISVILLE, Ky. NEW YORK, N. Y.

The Terrors of Kissing.

In a kissing contest for $25 a side, which has just been declared off in a small town in Lancashire, England, the challenger sank exhausted at the seven hundredth smack, his opponent having scored eighteen hundred in the hour.

Over in Germany at about the same time a young lover wrote to his sweetheart that he sent her ten thousand kisses. She sent back word that that was all well enough on paper, but that he had not the nerve to perform the feat in a truly manly way. This challenge was likewise accepted, and ten hours' time was allowed, with brief intervals for malt refreshments.

At the end of the first hour the score was two thousand and the condition of both active and passive participant good. One thousand more were added in the second hour, but at the seven hundred and fiftieth kiss on the third round the young man's lips became paralyzed and he lost consciousness. This fate, which some might consider merited, should prove a warning to promiscuous kissers as well as to those who concentrate with persistence. It is not paralysis alone, but insanity, which may follow such efforts.—Medical Record.

Very Strong Cheese, Indeed.

An English banking concern is endeavoring to raise $500,000 to manufacture a new brand of cheese of which, according to the prospectus, "one pound is equal in muscle and heat-producing qualities to two dozen fresh eggs, two and a half pounds of rump steak, six pounds of potatoes and seven pounds of fresh fish." This remarkably nutritious cheese has additional virtues. "It spreads well on bread and is excellent for toasting."

Lady Manager of a Baggage Company.

The election of Miss Josie Kates as general manager of the Kates Baggage Company, of Atlanta, is a compliment worthily bestowed. She is a young woman of sterling worth and is thoroughly familiar with all the details of the business. She has a host of friends throughout the city who will be glad to hear of her promotion in this special field.—Atlanta (Ga.) Constitution.

Catalogue of Birds.

Begun twenty-five years ago, the British Museum catalogue of birds has just been completed, in twenty-seven large volumes. It attempts to give a list of every kind of bird known at the time of publication, and describes 11,614 species, belonging to 2255 genera and 124 families; 400,000 specimens, 350,000 of which are in the British Museum collection, are referred to in the work.

From Head to Foot.

For all aches, from head to foot, St. Jacobs Oil has curative qualities to reach the pains and aches of the human family, and to relieve and cure them promptly.

The Peruvian government has decreed the re-establishment of the habeas corpus act.

FLORIDA AND THE SOUTH.

Opening of Social Season.

The opening of the Florida season was signalized this year as usual by the placing in service between New York and St. Augustine of the "New York and Florida Limited," a train that is acknowledged to be the finest in the world in its appointments, luxury and detail of finish. It is composed of Pullman compartment cars, each room a work of art and supplied with private lavatory and toilet; Pullman drawing-room sleeping cars of the latest design; a royal club car for gentlemen; an observation car; a library car, and a dining car whose service and cuisine rank with those of the swell New York hotels. This surpassing train's schedule calls for a daily service leaving New York at 11.05 a. m. via the Pennsylvania Railroad, the Southern Railway, Florida Central and Peninsula Railroad, and the East Coast Railway. St. Augustine is reached at 2.20 p. m. the following day, the picturesque trip, which exceeds 1000 miles, being made in but little more than 24 hours. At Columbia, S. C., one car is detached for Aiken, while at Everett, Ga., perfect connections are made for Brunswick and Jeckyl Island. The "Florida Short Line" also operates two other fine trains between New York and Florida, the "Washington and Southwestern Vestibule Limited," leaving New York at 4.30 p. m. daily, and the "United States Fast Mail" leaving New York at 12.05 midnight, and it affords the most direct, most delightful and the quickest service to Nassau, Havana and Key West. For all information, reservations, etc., apply to A. S. Thweatt, E. P. A., Southern Ry, 271 Broadway, New York.

This country is now a creditor of Europe.

A Remedy For the Grippe.

A remedy recommended for patients afflicted with the grippe is Kemp's Balsam, which is especially adapted to diseases of the throat and lungs. Do not wait for the first symptoms of the disease, but get a bottle to-day and keep it on hand for use the moment it is needed. If neglected the grippe has a tendency to bring on pneumonia. The Balsam prevents this by keeping the cough loose. All druggists sell it.

Heat holidays have been established by law in the public schools of Switzerland.

Easily Gotten Over.

A cripple from a sprain is one who neglects to use St. Jacobs Oil to cure it. Prompt use of it brings prompt cure, and the trouble is gotten over easily.

The national debt of Japan does not exceed $250,000,000.

Educate Your Bowels With Cascarets.

Candy Cathartic, cure constipation forever. 10c, 25c. If C. C. C. fail, druggists refund money.

One-half of the Confederate pensioners in Mississippi are widows.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

25 CTS. PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS.

The Shortest Way.

The shortest way out of an attack of neuralgia is to use St. Jacobs Oil, which affords not only a sure relief, but a prompt cure. It soothes, subdues and ends the suffering.

The inventory of the effects of the late John W. Keely, of motor fame, fixed the valuation at $1536.

Beauty Is Blood Deep.

Clean blood means a clean skin. No beauty without it. Cascarets, Candy Cathartic clean your blood and keep it clean, by stirring up the lazy liver and driving all impurities from the body. Begin to-day to banish pimples, boils, blotches, blackheads, and that sickly bilious complexion by taking Cascarets,—beauty for ten cents. All druggists, satisfaction guaranteed, 10c, 25c, 50c.

The national debt of France is over $6,000,000,000, being about $116 per capita.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surface. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Rats and rabbits are becoming a plague in the Azores.

Coughs Lead to Consumption.

Kemp's Balsam will stop the cough at once. Go to your druggist to-day and get a sample bottle free. Sold in 25 and 50 cent bottles. Go at once; delays are dangerous.

The Indian population of the United States is 248,340.

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